

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. D. H. LAND

FROM : A. E. Belmont

SUBJECT: GENERAL WALTER BEDELL SMITH

DATE: August 5, 1953

Tolson
Land
Clegg
Glavin
Barbo
Rosen
Tracy
Gandy
Mohr
Fitzgerald
Tele. Room
Hellman
Sisco
Miss Candy

Reference is made to memorandum from Mr. Nichols to Mr. Tolson dated August 3, 1953, setting forth information which emanated from Roy Cohn. You will recall that Cohn referred to a discussion which he had with General Smith, at which time the General commented that a polygraph examination had revealed that an individual who had been in the FBI for 16 years had been a life-long homosexual. The information furnished by Cohn indicated that the foregoing polygraph examination may have developed when an ex-Bureau Agent applied for employment at the CIA. The Director instructed Liaison to inform Smith that there was a story making the rounds to the effect that Smith allegedly had stated that a polygraph test had disclosed that a former Bureau Agent had been a homosexual all his life. Liaison was further instructed to obtain the facts from General Smith.

Liaison Agent Papich contacted General Smith on August 5, 1953, and informed him that the Bureau was endeavoring to run down a story which had been circulating in Washington to the effect that a polygraph test at the CIA had produced information reflecting that an ex-FBI Agent had been a life-long homosexual. General Smith was told that in connection with the Bureau's inquiry information had been developed that he, General Smith, had been approached concerning the matter and that the General had furnished information substantiating that a CIA polygraph test had produced such information. General Smith paused for a few moments before answering and then stated to Papich that he had not discussed any such matter with anybody. He stated that he was not certain but approximately 5 or 6 months ago he, Allen Dulles, and two or three other officials in the CIA were discussing the value of the polygraph. Somebody in the group mentioned that the polygraph had been very successful in detecting sex perverts. General Smith stated that somebody in the group mentioned that this was true and that a recent polygraph examination of an ex-FBI Agent had led to the former Bureau employee's admission that he had been a homosexual. General Smith stated that he was not absolutely certain about the details of that discussion and he then proceeded to telephonically contact Allen Dulles in the presence of Papich. He inquired of Dulles if the latter could recall any such conversation. General Smith quoted Dulles as replying that such a discussion may have been held but he was not certain. Dulles stated that he would contact Colonel Sheffield Edwards, Director of Security, CIA, who would be best informed on the matter.

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Memo to Mr. Ladd

During the course of the conversation with General Smith, Papich asked the General three different times if the General by any chance had discussed any matter involving an ex-Bureau employee and sex perversion with any outsider. Papich specifically inquired if any such discussion had been held with a representative of any other agency or Congress. On each occasion Smith categorically denied having been involved in a discussion which may have touched on such a matter in any way whatsoever. At no time did the Liaison Agent bring up the name of Cohn.

During the course of the meeting with General Smith the latter referred to various headaches which he was having in the Department of State. He then commented that he had been visited on several occasions by Roy Cohn. Cohn has advised Smith that his "running mate," David Schine, had recently been classified 1-A and that Cohn and Senator McCarthy were very much interested in obtaining a commission for Schine in the armed services. Cohn asked General Smith if he could intercede with his contacts in the Army in order that a commission could be obtained without Schine's becoming involved in any basic training. General Smith stated that he informed Cohn that he thought that this would be almost impossible to do. He stated that Cohn's request was very unusual and could place somebody in an embarrassing position. In this connection he claimed that he pointed out to Cohn that Senator McCarthy could be placed in such an embarrassing spot if news ever leaked out that the Senator and Cohn were endeavoring to obtain special privileges for Schine. According to General Smith, Cohn was not at all impressed by the General's comments and Cohn then inquired what the possibilities would be of arranging a position for Schine in the CIA. He informed the General that he was not enthusiastic about such a proposition because Senator McCarthy had found the CIA to be a very "juicy" target and the Senator very likely would not want to be left in the position where he would be obligated to Allen Dulles. General Smith claimed that he then advised Cohn that if he so desired, he would approach Allen Dulles but he explained to Cohn that Dulles very likely would not be particularly cooperative in view of the recent conflicts which McCarthy has had with the Director of the CIA. Smith stated that he also pointed out to Cohn that Allen Dulles has a son who was seriously wounded in Korea last year and it was very doubtful that Dulles would try to arrange a position for Schine in order that he could avoid military service.

COMMENT:

The Liaison Agent has advised that he handled this matter throughout with General Smith without giving any specific indication

Memo to Mr. Ladd

that Cohn has been in touch with the Bureau. Pursuant to the instructions, General Smith was not asked specifically if he had discussed the matter with Roy Cohn.

Although Smith has denied discussing the above matter with anybody, it should be borne in mind that it is characteristic of him to "pop off." Therefore, it is possible that he may have made some comment to Cohn.

The Liaison Agent has already been in contact with Colonel Sheffield Edwards of the CIA in order to ascertain if he possesses any information which might be related to the story which emanated from Roy Cohn. Edwards has already advised that he does not recall any such case. He stated that he would nevertheless contact his subordinates in order to definitely verify if the CIA has ever uncovered any evidence reflecting that an ex-Bureau Agent had been identified as a homosexual as a result of a CIA polygraph examination.

ACTION:

The Liaison Agent will give this matter close and prompt attention in order to verify if CIA is in possession of any information which might be related to the instant matter.

(RM)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson /m

DATE: August 14, 1953

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: GENERAL WALTER BEDELL SMITH

With reference to Bedell Smith's comment that Roy Cohn had requested Smith to intercede with the Army to get a commission for David Schine and also inquired about the possibility of getting Schine a job at CIA, I wish to advise that Cohn has told me an entirely contrary story.

Cohn's story was that in talking to Smith, there was a discussion of some of the difficulties the committee was having, and he mentioned the manner in which Schine was being discriminated against and the unfavorable publicity given him by Pearson. Bedell Smith then raised the possibility of Schine's getting a job in CIA. Cohn promptly vetoed this on the ground that this would present an untenable position for Senator McCarthy in any investigation of CIA, and Schine simply would not be a party to such a move.

cc: Mr. Ladd
Mr. Belmont

LBN:arm

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 64 - 42836-1

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

virtue of his family paying a large sum of money, but she had no specific information in this regard. On August 20, 1951, Schine was rejected for the draft for dislocated disc in his back and schizoid personality. In August, 1953, General Walter Bedell Smith advised that Cohn had attempted through him to obtain a commission for Schine in the Army without basic training and had inquired about possible position for Schine in CIA. Cohn told contrary story to Mr. Nichols. The "Washington Post" on December 23, 1953, reported that Cohn was bringing pressure to bear on Fort Dix, New Jersey, in behalf of Schine, a recent inductee. Drew Pearson in his column on February 15, 1954, in the "Washington Post," pointed out that Schine, then stationed at the Provost Marshal School, Camp Gordon, Georgia, had been responsible for transfer of Colonel Francis Kriedel who allegedly protested Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal School. Department of the Army Counsellor, reportedly had mentioned that Cohn had once called him with respect to special treatment for Schine and had threatened that if this treatment was not afforded Schine that "they would see to it that Secretary of the Army Stevens was removed." The Director expressed his appreciation by letter on September 5, 1951, to Schine as President of Schine Hotels for courtesies extended during Director's visit at Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles. On December 28, 1951, Schine sent the Director a credit card application for Schine Hotels which was executed and returned. Schine on December 3, 1952, sent the Director a pamphlet entitled "Definition of Communism" which Schine had written. The Director acknowledged this letter on December 10, 1952. On September 10, 1953, the Director declined an invitation to a testimonial luncheon for Schine.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

According to a check made in April, 1953, through Colonel [redacted] Legal Officer for the Selective Service Headquarters in New York City, Schine was rejected, when called for active duty on August 20, 1951, before Local Board #105, on the grounds that he had a dislocated disc in his back and a schizoid personality. [redacted] at that time advised that Schine's Selective Service file does not show a schizoid personality but that this was a finding of the Surgeon General's office which conducted the physical examination at the time Schine was called up by the local draft board. (62-98588-11)

On August 5, 1953, General Walter Bedell Smith advised that Roy Cohn had asked General Smith if he could intercede with his contacts in the Army in order that a commission could be obtained by Schine without Schine's becoming involved in any basic training. According to General Smith, Cohn was advised that this would be almost impossible to do and that Cohn then inquired about the possibilities of arranging a position for Schine in CIA.

(Nichols)

Your memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated August 14, 1953, reported that Cohn told you a story entirely contrary to the statements made by General Smith. (62-98588)

Present Military Service:

An article in the "Washington Post" on December 23, 1953, reported that Roy Cohn, Chief Counsel for Senator McCarthy's Senate Investigations Subcommittee, was bringing pressure to bear on Fort Dix, New Jersey, in behalf of Schine, a recent inductee and former Committee colleague. This article reported that Cohn had called Fort Dix as much as four times in one day in this matter. (62-98588-A)

An article in the "Washington News" on December 24, 1953, reported that Senator McCarthy had on that date stated that he had never tried to influence Army officers at Fort Dix, New Jersey, to make basic training easier for Schine. (62-98588-A)

Drew Pearson in his column in the "Washington Post" on February 15, 1954, pointed out that Schine was then stationed at the Provost Marshal School at Camp Gordon, Georgia, and that Schine had been responsible for the transfer on January 19, 1954, of Colonel Francis Kriedel, who allegedly came to Washington in January to protest against Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal School. Kriedel's protest was reported to be in view of the fact that Schine would not have the necessary qualifications to enter this school and that Schine had been tabbed by the Department of the Army, when given a draft physical, as a "schizoid personality." Pearson further pointed out that Senator McCarthy and Cohn had from time to time been badgering the Army in order to get special treatment for Schine.



Schine Hotels

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Mr. Tidwell	✓
Mr. Ladd	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Clegg	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Laughlin	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

Office of the President

(m) December 3, 1952
89-1

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am enclosing a ~~DEFINITION OF COMMUNISM~~ which I hope will be disseminated as widely as possible.

I would like very much to have your reaction.

With best wishes.

Cordially,

David

G. David Schine

GDS:fp

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
506 Old Postoffice Bldg.
Washington 25, D.C.

Replies
1-7-50

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FBI - NEW YORK

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ENVIRONMENT



62-98588-1

DEFINITION OF COMMUNISM

THIS DOCUMENT IS OFFERED AS A PUBLIC SERVICE
BY THE SCHINE HOTELS



G. DAVID SCHINE
PRESIDENT AND GENERAL MANAGER

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NORTHAMPTON, MASSACHUSETTS



BY G. DAVID SCHINE

62-98588-1

DEFINITION OF COMMUNISM

Since 1776 and the Declaration of Independence by our founding fathers the American people have lived in a land of freedom. Although there have been attempts from without and within to deprive us of our liberties we have always thwarted them. Our basic love of our basic rights has been the golden thread that weaves together a strong and good people.

We are now faced with a great threat. The Soviet Government and its world-wide Communist party is dedicated to the overthrow by force and violence of the Governments of the United States and every other non-Communist-controlled country. It is, therefore, the urgent duty of every American citizen to familiarize himself with the theory and practice of Communism and actions that have been and must be taken to counter this dangerous Communist conspiracy.

Only through a clear understanding of the entire situation can each American help to fight for the preservation of our economic freedoms based upon our system of private enterprise and our political freedoms based upon what we hold to be man's inalienable rights—life, liberty and his individual pursuit of happiness.

THE THEORY OF COMMUNISM

The theory of Communism was created by Karl Marx in 1848. The Marxist doctrine is an interpretation of history which blames with deadening impact the capitalist countries for all military and economic crises and the catastrophic decline of civilization. Marx asserts that only the most desperate remedies can salvage what is still good in mankind, that Communism can save and conserve civilization before it destroys itself, and that Communism must achieve its end at any cost.

Marx described the conflict of classes, the exploitation of the workers by the capitalists. He claimed that the capitalists started wars through greed for money and land and the desire to perpetrate a false prosperity. He declared that man lives for material things alone and that materialism had affected every historical development. He predicted that one day the workers of the world would overthrow by force, violence and bloody revolution the factory owners and the capitalist governments.

After a period of State Socialism during which the State controlled everything, Marx foresaw a gradual withering away of classes and the metamorphosis of mankind's way of life. Marx painted a fantastic picture of the eventual existence of a Utopia in which he said: "Every man will work according to his ability and receive according to his needs,"—a world in which there will be no materialism, no classes and no unhappiness. Karl Marx emphasized that this end would justify any means taken to achieve it. Implicit in the theory of Marxism is the view that the tactics of treachery, terrorism, dictatorship and mass murder of the human race for hundreds of years would be war-

his business associate, Miriam Moskowitz, were convicted of conspiracy to obstruct justice by plotting to mislead a Federal Grand Jury as to the true facts.

Under the McCarran Act, there has been created a Subversive Activities Control Board which holds hearings to determine which organizations are dominated by foreign powers, which has the power to require any such organization which is found to be subservient to a foreign power to register or face penalties. Eventually, all members of these Communist action organizations would have to register.

The act also provides for the registration of all agents of foreign governments, and those having knowledge of espionage and espionage techniques. Steps to deport subversive aliens are also being taken by the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the Department of Justice.

Investigation: The Senate Internal Security Committee recently unfolded the diabolical infiltration by American citizens (who are) Soviet Agents into many positions of trust and responsibility within the United Nations. The Committee will not rest until the procedures of the international organization are corrected so that its employees are of sufficiently high and loyal calibre to carry out the UN objectives—objectives to which we have already subscribed and toward which we are a major contributing and participating member nation. The Senate Internal Security Committee also recently exposed Communist infiltration into the school systems of the United States and forced the resignation of some college professors. The House Un-American Activities Committee has pried into vital industries and organizations in an effort to impede the effectiveness of Communists in key places.

CHALLENGING COMMUNISM

The people of the United States are becoming more and more aware of the dangers of the Communist conspiracy. However, being against Communism is not enough to halt Communism. We must all understand the threat—what it is, and how to fight it. We must re-examine our laws to ascertain whether they are adequate to combat the Communist tactics. It is self-evident that we, the people of the United States, must counter the worldwide Communist movement as forcefully as possible. To halt Communism, not only must we be prepared militarily, for the Communist Party respects and fears strength, but we must also disseminate as widely as possible to the people of the United States and the other remaining democracies a message defining and exposing the Communist plot of worldwide conquest. Furthermore, we must know what we are striving to preserve. We must also re-emphasize the things for which we are fighting. We must re-affirm our faith in the principles for which our forefathers died—man's inalienable rights to life, liberty and his individual pursuit of happiness.



was dismissed against two, one obtained a severance due to illness, and the others were, as of October 1952, still on trial.

Six leaders of the Communist Party were convicted in Baltimore in 1952, and their convictions were affirmed by the Court of Appeals. Twelve were convicted under Smith Act charges in Los Angeles during the summer of 1952. Other Smith Act indictments are pending in other cities and territories of this country.

Espionage: The espionage statute, Title 18, Section 794, makes it a crime to transmit to any foreign government, any material relating to the national defense of this country, with knowledge that it is to be used to the injury of the United States, or conspiracy to do so. The punishment is 20 years' imprisonment in time of peace, and death in time of war. This statute was invoked in the case of the atom spies, Julius and Ethel Rosenberg, who were convicted of conspiracy to commit espionage by delivering atom bomb secrets to Soviet agents. They received the death sentence and their convictions were affirmed by the Court of Appeals.

Judith Coplon was convicted under this section, but her conviction was reversed on technical grounds.

Perjury: Section 1621 of Title 18, makes it a crime to lie under oath. This section has been used to prosecute a number of persons involved in Communist and espionage activities, who have lied about their involvement before the Grand Jury.

Alger Hiss was convicted of perjury in denying that he had turned State Department papers over to Whittaker Chambers when Chambers was a courier for a Communist spy ring.

William Remington was convicted of perjury in denying he was ever a member of the Communist Party. His conviction was reversed on technical grounds, and he was, as of October, 1952, awaiting retrial.

Harry Bridges, West Coast Communist longshoremen's leader, was convicted of perjury in denying Party membership.

Earl Browder and his wife were indicted for lying under oath in connection with Mrs. Browder's petition for naturalization as a citizen in denying that she was ever a Communist.

Contempt: Various persons involved in Communist activities were convicted of contempt of Court, or of legislative bodies. A contempt is a wilful defiance of a lawful order or direction of a court, Grand Jury or legislative body, such as a refusal to answer a question which should be answered.

Frederick Vanderbilt Field, Dashiell Hammett and others were convicted of contempt for refusing to answer questions concerning the fugitive Communist leaders for whom they had posted bail, and their convictions were affirmed all the way up.

Other Statutes: Finally, other statutes were invoked. Abraham Brothman, who was engaged in industrial espionage using Harry Gold and Elizabeth Bentley as couriers representing the Soviet Union, and

ranted provided that some day, no matter how far off in the future it might be, the remnants of mankind would live in a universe of an entirely new spiritual and mental climate. Marx planned the destruction of the man of today and foretold the creation of what he considered the "perfect" human being of the future. This individual would have no aim in life other than the fulfillment of his material needs, chiefly, food, clothing and shelter; for this man would be denied responsibility for individual acts, freedom of thought and the right to his faith in God.

THE PRACTICE OF COMMUNISM

The Communist Party, its policies and procedures were formulated by Nicolai Lenin in 1905. Lenin planned from the Marxian principles an organization of tight iron discipline. Lenin and his several followers set up machinery that was destined by 1952 to cause the infiltration of and control by the Communist Party of more than half the world. Under Lenin's system, the Politburo, consisting of twelve men, was to rule the Communist Party and, therefore, all of the Communist-controlled countries. Lenin believed that Russia would be the first of the world's great nations to be taken over by the Communists in their march to world rule; in 1917, this was achieved.

In 1917 the people of Russia in a spontaneous revolution had overthrown the corrupt Czarist regime and had created a provisional government, under the leadership of Kerensky, based upon the constitutional representation of the people. Before this newly formed government whose principles were consistent with western democracy had been able to firmly organize itself, it was in 1917 destroyed in a thorough military plot by the Communist Party and Nicolai Lenin.

Lenin found, after ruling Russia a few years, that the theory of Communism could not be put into practice. First of all, in what had been an agrarian country, the workers could not take over the factories for there were no factories. Without private initiative, man was unwilling to produce. In 1921, Lenin reverted on a mild basis to private ownership of property with the hope that the economy of the Soviet Union would become prosperously industrialized. Lenin was forced to evolve a series of five-year Plans during which Russia would gradually develop from a capitalist to a communist country. Meanwhile, the Soviet Union and all of the people within it would be under the rigid domination of the Politburo of the Communist Party.

Joseph Stalin succeeded Nicolai Lenin in 1924. Adhering to the Marxist-Leninist theory that the end justifies the means, he continued the destruction of all uncooperative factions within the Soviet Union. At the same time, intensive efforts were made to develop Russia economically and militarily. By seeking and gaining help from other nations, Stalin was able to improve industry and agriculture. A rule of terrorism and treachery prevented a thorough integration of Russia's resources however, and deterred the progress and output of millions of Soviet citizens.

By 1952, the Communist Party had not yet made great strides domestically toward realizing the objectives of the Marxist-Leninist doctrine. The discontent people of Russia were still ruled by the Politburo through an iron regime of party discipline. The economic scene left much to be desired. The Soviet rulers had much more successfully executed the part of their plan that dealt with conquest of the world.

Since Stalin's ascent to power, Russia has succeeded in infiltrating and gaining control of the governments of Lithuania, Estonia, Latvia, part of Finland, Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Rumania, Poland, Eastern Germany, Austria, China, Tibet and North Korea. Communist Party members are busy infiltrating the remaining democratic countries. Russia has placed increasing numbers of American citizens, who are Communist Party members and Soviet Agents, into high positions of trust and responsibility where they can influence the policies of this country to aid the Red conspiracy as the Soviet Union wishes. Russia has achieved a similar position of power from within in every other democratic country. Some of these nations they will attack through puppet Communist governments and revolution, as they did in Korea. Soviet espionage agents, working under the guise of citizenship of the United States and the other democratic countries, have been and are effectively stealing vital secrets and sabotaging wherever possible. The Communist propaganda machine which is the most powerful ever developed uses trickery, deception, distortion of the truth and any other method necessary to achieve its objectives.

A sworn statement of William Z. Foster, head of the Communist Party in the United States, illustrates the treasonous thinking of the Communist Party members: "No Communist, no matter how many votes he should secure in a national election, could, even if he would, become President of the present government. When a Communist heads the Government of the United States—and that day will come just as sure as the sun rises—the Government will not be a Capitalist Government but a Soviet Government and behind this government will stand the Red Army to enforce the dictatorship of the Proletariat."

CHALLENGING THE THEORY OF COMMUNISM

We must challenge the Marxist-Leninist theory and minimize the Soviet chances of indoctrinating new members. The theory of Communism as it is revealed in the doctrines of Marx, Lenin, Stalin, and its other exponents far from being acceptable to, is repelled by the masses. Never has any one people of a country revolted spontaneously against its Government, and established a dictatorship of the proletariat with the ultimate objective of Communism. It is elementary for even the humblest of humans to recognize the sacrifice, absurdity, and perversion of its ideology. To break through this natural reaction of mankind, the Communists rely upon uncivilized propaganda tactics. They steal words, such as freedom, security, and equality, from the Bible, and other good covenants to confuse issues, and deceive the mind into ensnarement. Those who do become infused with the false promises are converted into tools of the party.

CHALLENGING THE PRACTICE OF COMMUNISM

We must challenge the practice of Communism everywhere. We have already taken positive steps to counter Communism. The Marshall Plan has attempted to display the advantages of our form of Government by providing material aid to needy countries and by participating actively in the reconstruction program of post-war Europe. The United States has supplied a major share of the troops and equipment to the United Nations Forces that have been resisting the Communist aggression in Korea. Through the North Atlantic Treaty of April 4, 1949, which provides for the mutual defense of Belgium, Denmark, France, Italy, Iceland, Luxembourg, The Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Great Britain, Canada and the United States, the Western democratic countries, under the leadership of General Dwight D. Eisenhower, a year prior to his election as President of the United States, have organized a formidable array of troops and weapons which stand ready to resist attack by Russia or her satellites. The Voice of America has tried to counter the Soviet propaganda machine by conveying the truth to those trapped behind the Iron Curtain. Within the United States, the Federal Bureau of Investigation has kept surveillance on Communist activities and has lent valuable assistance by producing vital evidence necessary for the prosecution of Communist criminals. The United States Courts have taken several significant actions against the Communists in the past few years, the following of which are examples:

Disloyalty: The Smith Act passed in 1940 (Section 2385, Title 18, United States Code), makes it a crime punishable by 10 years' imprisonment to teach and advocate the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force and violence; to assist in the organization of any group which teaches and advocates the overthrow of the Government by force and violence; to be a member of any group which teaches and advocates the overthrow of the Government of the United States by force and violence, knowing that such is the purpose of the group; or to engage in a conspiracy to do any of these things.

Under this Act in 1949, the twelve members of the National Board of the Communist Party were indicted for conspiracy to teach and advocate the overthrow of the Government by force and violence, and for conspiracy to participate in the organization of the Communist Party as a group which so teaches and advocates. William Z. Foster, the National Chairman, obtained a severance because of ill health. The other eleven were convicted and the convictions were affirmed all the way up through the Supreme Court which upheld the constitutionality of the Smith Act and the finding by the Jury that the Communist Party was a criminal conspiracy teaching and advocating the overthrow of our Government by force and violence. Three of the convicted defendants became fugitives.

The second Smith Act indictment was returned in New York in 1951, against twenty-one additional leaders of the Communist Party on the identical charge as above. Four became fugitives, the case

RECORDED

December 10, 1953

44-78588 2

Mr. G. David Schine
President, Schine Hotels
445 Park Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear David:

I received your letter of December 3,
1952, with the enclosed pamphlet. I have
read it and enjoyed it tremendously.

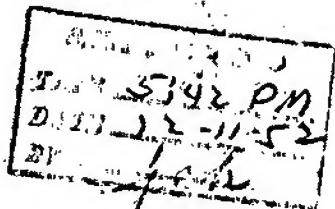
Looking forward to seeing you soon and
with kindest regards and best wishes for
a happy and pleasant Holiday Season, I am

Sincerely,

J. Edgar Hoover

PERSONAL

JPM:DSS



Toison _____
Ladd _____
McNamee _____
Belwood _____
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Gloria _____
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Frank _____
Laughlin _____
Ruth _____
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Bellman _____
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87 JAN 2 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. J. P. Mohr

DATE: December 10, 1952

FROM : W. C. Sullivan

SUBJECT: "DEFINITION OF COMMUNISM"
By G. David Schine
Internal Security - C

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Attached hereto you will find a blank memorandum setting forth errors which were found in the above-captioned pamphlet.

This pamphlet should not be praised or endorsed by the Director as it now stands. If it is corrected along the lines indicated, the pamphlet could be properly praised by the Director as a satisfactory, simple and brief account of the subject for popular consumption.

ACTION:

This memorandum is for your information and any subsequent action deemed necessary.

WCS:mkf

mkf

Letter to
Mr. David Schine
12/10/52
9 A.M.

RECORDED - 24
INDEXED - 24

EX-130

62-98588-J

15/12/52

FILED
FBI - WASH. D. C.

W. Sullivan

December 10, 1952

"DEFINITION OF COMMUNISM"
by G. David Schine

This pamphlet is generally accurate as a simplified version of the subject. However, there are a few errors to which attention should be given:

1. "The theory of Communism was created by Karl Marx in 1848." (page 1, paragraph 4) This statement creates a wrong impression. As we know, Communism per se is much older than Karl Marx, and its expression can be traced back through the centuries. What Marx did was to create his own particular brand of Communism which he pretended was "scientific." It may be well to rewrite this sentence along the following lines: "Modern Communism" or the so-called "science" of Marxism-Leninism originated with Karl Marx and his collaborator, Frederick Engels. V. I. Lenin became known as its developer and Joseph Stalin as its continuer. The first effective expression of this theory was made in the "Communist Manifesto" published in 1848.

2. "... a world in which there will be no materialism..." (page 1, paragraph 6) This statement seems to contradict an earlier statement made on page 1, paragraph 5, where it is indicated that according to Marx's theory "man lives for material things alone," and "materialism had affected every historical development." Also it appears to be in conflict with a statement on page 2, paragraph 1, to the effect that under the Communist system man would have "no aim in life other than the fulfillment of his material needs..." The difficulty here may be found in the difference between the philosophical definition of materialism and its popular definition.

3. "The Communist Party, its policies and procedures were formulated by Nicolai Lenin in 1905." (page 2, paragraph 2) This statement ignores the various thoughts and developments which

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6 DEC 3, 1964

ENCLOSURE

62-98588-2

took place in 1903. As a matter of fact, the complete "policies and procedures" of the Communist Party referred to were formulated over a period of years and the modifications which took place principally during and after the Bolshevik Revolution of 1917 have to be taken into consideration where a statement of this kind is made.

4. "In 1916 the people of Russia in a spontaneous revolution had overthrown the corrupt Czarist regime..." (page 2, paragraph 3) The above is an error of fact. It is presumed the author had in mind the provisional government of Kerensky which was set up as a result of the popular revolution of March, 1917, and not 1916.

5. "...The discontent people of Russia..." (page 3, paragraph 1) It appears that the word should be discontented in this sentence and not discontent.

6. On page 3, paragraph 2, the author says that Russia controls Austria in addition to other countries. The word control as used here is incorrect. Also in this same sentence the word government should be in the plural.

7. "Russia has placed increasing numbers of American citizens, who are Communist Party members and Soviet Agents, into high positions of trust and responsibility where they can influence the policies of this country to aid the Red conspiracy as the Soviet Union wishes." (page 3, paragraph 2) This statement is too strong. Russia, while attempting to penetrate our social order directly with its own agents and indirectly through the assistance of the Communist Party, USA, has not been able to influence our policy as it wishes. The quoted statement should be toned down considerably in accordance with the actual situation.

8. Twelve members of the National Board of the Communist Party, USA, were indicted under the Smith Act in 1948, and not in 1949 as the author states. The trial began in 1949 but the indictment was in the previous year. (page 4, paragraph 3)

9. Of the original eleven Communist Party leaders tried and convicted, four became fugitives, one of whom, Gus Hall, was later apprehended. The author incorrectly states that three of the convicted defendants became fugitives. (page 4, paragraph 3)

10. The author states that one Communist Party member obtained severance due to illness in the New York Smith Act proceedings. The fact is that two obtained severance for illness, not one. (page 5, paragraph 1)

11. Fourteen persons were convicted under the Smith Act at Los Angeles, and not twelve as stated by the author. (page 5, paragraph 2)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON ✓

DATE: April 9, 1953

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy N.Y.

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

SCHIFF, E. DAVID

ASAC Whelan telephoned from New York this afternoon and advised that an Agent of the New York Office ascertained in a very discreet manner that the above-named individual was called on August 20, 1951, before Local Board #105, for a physical examination. He was transferred to the Surgeon General's Office for the examination. The Local Board showed 4-F due to a back condition involving dislocation in the spinal column. (Disc in spinal column) Q 9

The foregoing information should not be disseminated to any outside source in view of the fact that it might expose the source of the information.

SJT:vde
14

✓

24

Tolson _____
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 Glavin _____
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 Tracy _____
 Laughlin _____
 Mohr _____
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 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

ST 2A
RECORDED-88 on 162-98588-3
APR 14 1958
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AB

4-3

8534

58 APR 27 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Ladd *jl*

DATE: March 30, 1953

FROM : Mr. Rosen *Ram*SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
SSA OF 1948; BRIBERY*File*
W.M.

Information has been received from [redacted] newspaper columnist, Canaan, New York, that she has heard rumors that subject was able to evade the draft by virtue of his family paying a large sum of money. She had no specific information, but stated she heard the statement made by several individuals. She is much concerned because Schine is presently employed by Senator McCarthy's Committee.

Hoover
Ladd
Clegg
Glasier
Hughes
Rosen
Tracy
Marbo
Bolance
Wright
Taylor, Rose
Nourse
Dobry

G. David Schine is President of the Schine Hotels. *O-9181*

While the Director was in Florida in December, 1950, [redacted] of the Schine Hotels in Florida, requested him to see whether a deferment of thirty days or longer could be obtained for subject who had been ordered for induction by his Los Angeles Draft Board. Mr. Schine's father also spoke to the Director about it. (The Director told him the most he could do would be to make inquiry.) Subsequent inquiries were made on the national, state and local levels and it was indicated a rather hostile attitude toward the steps Schine had taken in connection with his Selective Service status existed. The local board indicated some pressure had been brought to bear on them and that rumors had come to their attention that subject would never have to enter the armed services. The local board refused to give subject a hearing and later sent his papers to a New York Board to have subject inducted. Subject personally called on the Director on January 31, 1951, and stated he was to report for induction the following morning in New York and had been trying to learn whether he could be deferred a few weeks to adjust his business interests. On February 1, 1951, the subject called the Director by phone and wanted to know how to go about enlisting in the Navy. The Director called SAC Scheidt to make an appointment for subject to see the proper Navy man in New York City as to the proper procedure to enter the Navy. SAC Scheidt later advised the Director subject had been in touch with him and indicated he was hopeful he could get a commission as an officer in the Navy. The Director told SAC Scheidt no such discussion had been had and the Director's sole interest was to arrange for subject to see the proper authority in the Navy and from that point on the matter rested with the Navy and Mr. Schine.

The Bureau made a file check on Schine on behalf of Senator McCarthy January 9, 1953, and the Senator was advised we had no derogatory information. Schine has never been investigated. *198378-4*

RECOMMENDATION

32 APR 29 1953

that the information concerning alleged evasion of the draft be furnished to the Selective Service System in view of its nonspecific nature. *R. J. S.* Letter to Selective Service System attached.

RECORDED - 68

APR 22 1953

Attachment
HR:DC

File #
no action taken
in view of Schine's 1948
service found
permanently qualified for
Selective Service
2/1/3

Det

Ent 3/24/13

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON *V/m*

DATE: March 31, 1953

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
Born 9/11/27, Gloversville, New York

file
V/m

A search of the Identification Division records disclosed an applicant fingerprint card dated July 29, 1952, showing the captioned individual as an applicant for the position of Junior Clerk at Fort Mason, California, for the "TC Water Division, Marine Section."

A re-search of these fingerprints through the armed forces fingerprint cards failed to disclose any armed forces record. A check by the Identification Division Liaison Section at the Pentagon failed to disclose any record of an individual of this name.

I telephoned SAC Thornton at St. Louis, Missouri, and he advised at 6:40 PM that a check of the Records Center covering World War II units and post-World War II units failed to disclose any record. In view of the fact that the Adjutant General's Office records are in the process of moving, Mr. Thornton will make a recheck April 1, 1953, and advise the Bureau telephonically.

SJT:edm

RECORDED - 68

162-9588-3
38 APR 22 1953

78 APR 29 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: April 1, 1953

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

SAC Thornton telephoned this morning from St. Louis, Missouri, and advised that a search of the Records Center in St. Louis was negative as to any service on the part of the above-named individual.

I telephoned ASAC Whelan at New York City, who checked and subsequently advised that one Gerard David Schine was examined at Boston, Massachusetts, March 6, 1946, and was found to be physically qualified as a Midshipman, Merchant Marine Reserve, U. S. Naval Reserve. He was appointed May 10, 1946, as a Midshipman. He was honorably discharged August 16, 1946, due to separation from the U. S. Merchant Marine Cadet Corps prior to normal date of graduation therefrom. This record was found at the Naval Records Center among their medical records.

The Identification Division Liaison Section then checked with the Merchant Marine Reserve and verified that Gerard David Schine took the oath of office May 10, 1946, as a Midshipman in the Merchant Marine Reserve. He was honorably discharged August 16, 1946, as a Midshipman, the separation being from the Merchant Marine Cadet Corps prior to normal date of graduation. The record shows he was never on active duty, that he was born September 11, 1927, at Gloversville, New York, his residence being 43 East Boulevard, Gloversville. His Merchant Marine Reserve number is 480 039. The complete details of this record will be secured tomorrow morning April 2, 1953, the foregoing information being secured telephonically.

Of particular interest is the National Defense fingerprint card submitted by the War Department, Fort Mason, California reflecting the fingerprinting of Gerard David Schine on July 29, 1946, for the position of "Jr. S/T Clerk" in the "TC Water Division Marine Section." His date of birth and residence address are the same as set forth above.

Attention is called to the fact that at the time he was fingerprinted on July 29, 1946, he was apparently in the Marine Reserve Cadet Corps. Further details will be secured April 2, 1953, including an explanation of the term "Jr. S/T Clerk."

SJT:edn

as per

78 APR 29 1953

RECORDED - 68 | 62-9157-6

APR 22 1953
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Toledo
Ladd
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Rosen
Tracy
Laughlin
Mohr
Vincenov
Tele. R.
Holloman
Gandy

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. S. J. Tracy

DATE: April 2, 1953

FROM : Guy Hottel

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
NSN 480039

file
✓

The Department of the Navy records revealed that Gerard David Schine, NSN 480039, was given a medical examination at the Office of Naval Officer Procurement, Boston, Massachusetts, on March 6, 1946, and was found physically qualified for appointment as midshipman, Merchant Marine Reserve, United States Naval Reserve. Letter dated April 13, 1946, indicates subject under instruction at United States Merchant Marine Cadet Basic School, San Mateo, California, and was appointed midshipman, Merchant Marine Reserve, United States Naval Reserve, effective April 9, 1946. Schine took oath of office on May 10, 1946. Letter dated July 3, 1946, stated that Schine declined assignment to cadet school and on August 16, 1946, he received an honorable discharge, separation from United States Merchant Marine Cadet Corps prior to normal date of graduation therefrom.

Additional information as contained in Schine's service record is as follows:

Date of birth	September 11, 1927
Place of birth	Gloversville, New York
Height	75 inches
Weight	183 pounds
Local board	#47, Cambridge, Massachusetts, 12064 (5/46) and #388, Fulton County, New York (1946)
Schools	Harvard University (now in 2nd year- 3/46)
Home address	Adams House P-32 (3/7/46) Harvard University Cambridge, Massachusetts 43 or 49 East Boulevard (5/46) Gloversville, New York
Relatives	J. Myer Schine, father Gloversville, New York
Character references or friends	[redacted] Nashville, Tennessee

Аннотации

RECORDED 69

602-96588-7

38 APR 22 1953

1 MAY 1951

The Merchant Vessel Personnel Division advises that on July 2, 1946, at San Francisco, California, Schine was assigned seaman's #Z-798602, and had papers as junior assistant purser, #A-27903. They further advise that they have no record of any voyages made by him.

The Military Sea Transportation Service advises that Schine had service with the Army Transportation Corps from January 16, 1947, to February 24, 1947, aboard the R. E. Callan.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: April 2, 1953

FROM : Mr. S. J. Tracy

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
INFORMATION CONCERNINGFile
V.M.

G.I.R. 9

Tolson
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Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Koche
Tracy
Dowd
Sullivan
Tele. Ad.
Holoman
Gandy

ASAC Whalen telephoned from New York City this afternoon, April 2, 1953, and advised that a check of the Garden City armed forces records had been completed and they have been unable to find any record of any service in the armed forces by Gerard David Schine.

Mr. Whalen stated they also were unable to get any further detail concerning Schine's application for enlistment in the Merchant Marine Cadet Corps.

This completes the check of all service records.

SJT:edn

RECORDED - (6)

1011512-8
33 APR 2 1953
J.W.

22 MAY 6 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Director, FBI

DATE: 3/24/53

b6
b7C

FROM : SAC, Albany

SUBJECT: DAVID SCHINE
SSA of 1948

[REDACTED] aka [REDACTED]

well known newspaper columnist, has advised that she has heard rumors to the effect that SCHINE was able to evade the draft by virtue of his family paying a large sum of money. [REDACTED] said that she had no specific information concerning this matter, but that she had heard the statement made by several individuals. She said that she was very much concerned about this statement, inasmuch as SCHINE is presently employed by Senator MC CARTHY's Committee, and she indicated that she has a great admiration for Senator MC CARTHY. She added that she hoped that Senator MC CARTHY would not be embarrassed in the event the rumor concerning SCHINE were determined to be true.

A search of the indices of this office fails to reveal any pertinent information regarding DAVID SCHINE. However, he is of the SCHINE family that owns the hotel chain and his last known residence was at Gloversville, New York, and it would seem that he undoubtedly registered under the Selective Service Act there.

In view of the very general nature of the allegation made against SCHINE, and in view of his present position with Senator MC CARTHY, it was felt that Bureau clearance should be had prior to making a discreet check with the Local Draft Board at Gloversville, N. Y. to determine SCHINE's present draft status. However, UACB, this check will be made on April 6, 1953, so that the charge made by [REDACTED] can be resolved.

For background information concerning [REDACTED] the Bureau's attention is directed to Albany lets of 3/17 and 3/23/53, captioned in her name.

EJP:VA
25-

RECURRED-144

162-98383-19

Mar 25 1953
21 apr 15

1 MAY 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

EEB/act.
CJW

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: April 22, 1953

FROM : SAC, ALBANY (25-8352)

b6
b7CSUBJECT: DAVID SCHINE
SELECTIVE SERVICE ACT OF 1948

Reference Albany letter to Bureau March 24, 1953.

[redacted] Local Board 39, Johnstown, New York, which board covers the area of Gloversville, New York, advised that DAVID SCHINE is not registered with this board. She stated that she believed that he registered with the Selective Service Board at California. [redacted] stated that the Local Board has never made any inquiries to ascertain whether DAVID SCHINE is actually registered.

G. I. R.

[redacted] Russen Glove Company, Gloversville, New York, who has been contacted by agents of the Albany Office on a number of occasions and who has been very cooperative, was interviewed regarding DAVID SCHINE. [redacted] stated that DAVID is about 26 years of age and has spent very little time in Gloversville, New York. He stated that DAVID is the son of J. MEYOR SCHINE and has been educated for the most part out of the Gloversville area and since graduating from college has been employed either in the hotel chain of his father or in another capacity outside of the Gloversville area. [redacted] produced a clipping from the Leader Republican newspaper, Gloversville, New York, reflecting that G. DAVID SCHINE is the chief consultant of the Senate investigating committee headed by Senator JOSEPH MC CARTHY. At the present time, according to the article, SCHINE is in West Germany conducting a survey of American information and psychological warfare programs.

[redacted] stated that he has no knowledge concerning the Subject's Selective Service status, but believes it entirely possible that the Subject registered for the Selective Service Act of 1948 in Los Angeles, California, where he was managing the Ambassador Hotel. [redacted] stated that SCHINE would have resided at this hotel during the period of time that he was Manager. He stated that he could not conceive of SCHINE being a wilful Selective Service evader.

No leads are being set forth for the Los Angeles Office to conduct further investigation to ascertain SCHINE's Selective Service status. This matter is being left to the discretion of the Bureau.

RECORDED-77

JPB:bar

162-98588-10
27 APR 24 1953

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363
78 MAY 15 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. TOLSON

DATE: 5/26/53

b6
b7C
b7E

FROM : J. P. MOHR

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE
 Information Concerning
 Bureau file 62-98588

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 Tolson _____
 Ladd _____
 Nichols _____
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I called the New York Office this morning and spoke to Special Agent Supervisor Thomas McAndrews, who was on the desk of ASAC Whelan, and asked Mr. McAndrews if he could ascertain whether any Agent has ever checked the Selective Service file of Schine and exactly what the grounds were for Schine being placed in 4F and rejected for military service. McAndrews stated he did not have the facts himself but recalled that an Agent in the Liaison Section of the New York Office had made a previous check on this matter in April 1953.

Mr. McAndrews called me back and stated that an Agent of the New York Office has not at any time checked the Selective Service file on Schine and that the check made in April was through a Colonel [redacted] for the Selective Service headquarters in New York City. At that time Colonel [redacted] stated that Schine was called for active duty on August 20, 1951 before Local Board #105 for a physical examination and Schine was rejected on two grounds, (1) a dislocated disc in the back and (2) a schizoid personality (according to Mr. McAndrews this is a split personality but the medical dictionary describes it as a shut-in, unsocial, introspective type of personality). According to Colonel [redacted] the file shows that Schine at the time he was called up for the physical examination was under treatment by a doctor. Colonel [redacted] did not indicate what the nature of this treatment was or whether the file even shows that. Furthermore, according to Colonel [redacted] there is nothing in Schine's Selective Service file showing that he has a schizoid personality. In other words, the second reason for Schine's rejection does not appear in the Selective Service file but is a finding of the Surgeon General's office which conducted the physical examination at the time Schine was called up by the local draft board.

There appears to be no reason why the Bureau could not check Schine's Selective Service file or the Surgeon General's file. Mr. McAndrews, however, did ask that we maintain confidential the fact that Colonel [redacted] furnished us any information concerning Schine's Selective Service status, particularly the second reason for his rejection for military service, namely that he had a schizoid personality.

JPM:DW

18 MAY 24
 RECORDED 130
 INDEXED 130

62-98588-
 13 MAY 27 1953

JPM:DW
 11

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson
 FROM : L. B. Nichols
 SUBJECT:

DATE: May 25, 1953

b6
b7c

for
 Tolson
 Ladd
 Nichols
 Baldwin
 Clegg
 Glavin
 Harbo
 Rosen
 Tracy
 George
 McManus
 Woodward
 Tele. Room
 Holloman
 Sizoo
 Miss Gandy

Roy Cohn called me early Monday evening to furnish me with advice on two points. One, the committee has been seeking to locate [redacted] who cannot be found. His attorney, [redacted] has contacted numerous friends of his and has reported back to the committee he cannot locate [redacted] and it appears [redacted] has taken a powder.

DAVID SCHINE

Secondly, Cohn stated he was having dinner with Bob Morris and Joe McCarthy; that Joe had called the Director today and talked to the Director on two occasions. On one occasion he called the Director in the presence of Senator Jackson; that obviously he could not talk too well, but he wanted the Director to know Senator Jackson was no good. Cohn called Jackson today and told Jackson he heard he was making statements about Dave Schine and told Jackson he ought to put up or shut up and if he has anything to say he should go to the chairman, whereupon Jackson did go to the chairman, stated he has a report from a newspaper source that Schine was let out of the Army because of a psychopathic personality, when, as a matter of fact, according to Cohn, Dave received an honorable discharge from the Transport Corps as he had a bad back.

cc: Mr. Ladd

LBN:MP

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 11-16-82 BY SP3 cl/cme
#323,503

RECORDED - 71

13 JUN 2 1953

85
23 JUN 15 1953

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : MR. D. H. LAUD

DATE: August 5, 1953

FROM : A. E. Belmont

SUBJECT: GENERAL WALTER BEDELL SMITH

Referral/Consult

Reference is made to memorandum from Mr. Nichols to Mr. Tolson dated August 3, 1953, setting forth information which emanated from Roy Cohn. You will recall that Cohn referred to a discussion which he had with General Smith, at which time the General commented [redacted]

[redacted] The information furnished you now indicated that the [redacted]

[redacted] The Director instructed liaison to inform Smith that there was a story making the rounds to the effect that Smith allegedly had stated that [redacted] Liaison

[redacted] was further instructed to obtain the facts from General Smith.

Liaison Agent Papich contacted General Smith on August 5, 1953, and informed him that the Bureau was endeavoring to run down a storm which had been circulating in Washington to the effect that a

[redacted] General Smith was told [redacted] that in connection with the Bureau's inquiry information had been developed that he, General Smith, had been approached concerning the matter and that the General had furnished information substantiating [redacted] General [redacted] Smith paused for a few moments before answering and then stated to Papich that he had not discussed any such matter with anybody. He stated that it was not certain but approximately 5 or 6 months ago [redacted] he. [redacted]

[redacted] General Smith stated that he was not absolutely certain about the details of that discussion and he then proceeded to telephonically contact [redacted] in the presence of Papich. He inquired of [redacted] if the latter could recall any such conversation. General Smith stated [redacted]

SJP:la

56 AUG 25 1953

Mr. Nichols

81415-2 JEN
INITIALS ON STATION
INITIALS ON UNIVERSALAUG 21 1953
LIAISON - AF

Memo to Mr. Ladd

Referral/Consult

During the course of the conversation with General Smith, Papich asked the General three different times if the General by any chance had discussed any matter involving [redacted]

[redacted] Papich specifically inquired if any such discussion had been held with a representative of any other agency or Congress. On each occasion Smith categorically denied having been involved in a discussion which may have touched on such a matter in any way whatsoever. At no time did the Liaison Agent bring up the name of Cohn.

During the course of the meeting with General Smith the latter referred to various headaches which he was having in the Department of State. He then commented that he had been visited on several occasions by Roy Cohn. Cohn has advised Smith that his "running mate," David Schine, had recently been classified I-A and that Cohn and Senator McCarthy were very much interested in obtaining a commission for Schine in the armed services. Cohn asked General Smith if he could intercede with his contacts in the Army in order that a commission could be obtained without Schine's becoming involved in any basic training. General Smith stated that he informed Cohn that he thought that this would be almost impossible to do. He stated that Cohn's request was very unusual and could place somebody in an embarrassing position. In this connection he claimed that he pointed out to Cohn that Senator McCarthy could be placed in such an embarrassing spot if news ever leaked out that the Senator and Cohn were endeavoring to obtain special privileges for Schine. According to General Smith, Cohn was not at all impressed by the General's comments and Cohn then inquired what the possibilities would be of

COMMENT:

The Liaison Agent has advised that he handled this matter throughout with General Smith without giving any specific indication

Memo to Mr. Ladd

that Cohn has been in touch with the Bureau. Pursuant to the instructions, General Smith was not asked specifically if he had discussed the matter with Roy Cohn.

Although Smith has denied discussing the above matter with anybody, it should be borne in mind that it is characteristic of him to "pop off." Therefore, it is possible that he may have made some comment to Cohn.

ACTION:

The Liaison Agent will give this matter close and prompt attention in order to verify if [] is in possession of any information which might be related to the instant matter.

(RM)

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson /m

DATE: August 14, 1953

Referral/Consult

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: GENERAL WALTER BEDELL SMITH

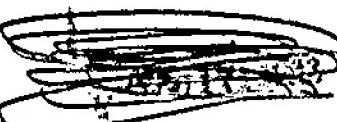
With reference to Bedell Smith's comment that Roy Cohn had requested Smith to intercede with the Army to get a commission for David Schine and also inquired about the possibility of getting [redacted] I wish to advise that Cohn has told me an entirely contrary story.

Cohn's story was that in talking to Smith, there was a discussion of some of the difficulties the committee was having, and he mentioned the manner in which Schine was being discriminated against and the unfavorable publicity given him by Pearson. Bedell Smith then raised the possibility of [redacted] Cohn promptly vetoed this on the ground that this would present an untenable position for Senator McCarthy in any investigation of [redacted] and Schine simply would not be a party to such a move.

cc: Mr. Ladd
Mr. Belmont

LBN:arm

162-98588-
NOT RECORDED
146 AUG 21 1953



5 L AUG 25 1953

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b7c

September 10, 1953

RECORDED-19.

13-5837-13

Rabbit

American Jewish League Against Communism, Inc.
220 West 42nd Street
New York 36, New York

Dear Rabbit

I have received your note of September 3, 1953, and it was very considerate of you to ask me to be your guest at the testimonial luncheon which is to be given for Mr. G. David Schine at the Astor Hotel on September 14, 1953.

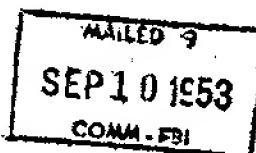
Although I would very much enjoy you on that occasion, a prior commitment it impossible for me to leave Washington. You will accept my sincere regrets.

Sincerely yours,

THE HAGIOGRAPHY

cc - New York, with copy of ~~transcript~~

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Geary
Mohr
Vitarelli
Tele. Room
Holloman
Sixoo
Miss Gandy



HPL:jmd *jmd*

58 SEP 23 1953

American Jewish League Against Communism, Inc.

220 WEST 42nd STREET
NEW YORK 36, N.Y.

ALFRED KOHLBERG, National Chairman
HARRY PASTERNAK, Treasurer

RABBI BENJAMIN SCHULTZ
Executive Director

NATIONAL EXECUTIVE

BERN DIBNER
LAWRENCE FERTIG
THEODORE FINE
BENJAMIN GITLOW
HON. WALTER R. HART
HERMAN KASHINS
EUGENE LYONS
NORMAN L. MARKS
MORRIE RYSKIND
RABBI DAVID S. SAVITZ
NATHAN D. SHAPIRO
GEORGE E. SOKOLSKY
MAURICE TISHMAN
RABBI ASCHER M. YAGER

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
4936 30th Place, N.W.
Washington 8, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

September 3, 1953

The able young Mr. G. David Schine,
is to be tendered a testimonial luncheon by our
Board of Directors at the Astor Hotel at 12:15 noon
on Monday, September 14th.

A citation and scroll will be presented
to him.

We should be delighted to welcome you
as an honored guest on that occasion; and hope we can
hear from you at your early convenience.

Very sincerely yours,

BS/ce Rabbi

EXpedite Processing

nml
aks. 9-10-53
HPL

RECORDED-19 162-98588-13

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

b6
b7c

TO : Mr. Tolson

DATE: February 26, 1954

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE

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 Add _____
 Belmont _____
 Clegg _____
 Glavis _____
 Harbo _____
 Rosca _____
 Tracy _____
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 Vinton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Sizoo _____
 Miss Gandy _____

Reference is made to my memorandum to you 2-24-54, concerning the telephone call received from [redacted] of the Criminal Investigative Division of the Military Police at Fort Myer who stated he wished to interview Mr. Hoover personally concerning Gerard David Schine inasmuch as Schine had listed Mr. Hoover as a character reference in his application for assignment to criminal investigative duties in the Military Police.

[redacted] was advised at the time of his call of the Director's absence from the office and was informed that Mr. Hoover would be advised of his request and that contact would be had subsequently with [redacted].

G.I.R.-6

There is attached hereto a summary of information in the Bureau's files on Gerard David Schine. It is recommended that my office call [redacted] back and advise him that the Director is not available for interview, but is very glad to state that he has known Mr. Schine and his father for sometime and that he knows nothing derogatory concerning the applicant's character, loyalty or reputation. Further, that from the limited professional contact he has had with the applicant he could not make any observations on the quality of his work, but that the applicant appeared to be an alert, intelligent young man.

cc - Mr. Jones

JJM:ptm

I think this
is O.P.C.
2/26

314-4
[redacted]
arrived by phone
Mr. Jones

FEB 26

RECORDED-20

162-98588-14
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EX-107

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51 NOV 1 1954
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Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Nichols

DATE: February 25,
1954

file

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: GERARD DAVID SCHINE

Tolson	—
Ladd	—
Nichols	—
Belmont	—
Clegg	—
Glasier	—
Harbo	—
Rosen	—
Tracy	—
Geary	—
Mohr	—
Winterrowd	—
Tele. Room	—
Holloman	—
Sizoo	—
Miss Gandy	—

SYNOPSIS:

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize information in Bufiles re Schine who has listed the Director as a reference on an application with CID of the Army. Schine is member of family owning hotel chain. He was born September 11, 1927, at Gloversville, New York. His name was checked against Bufiles when he was being considered for position with McCarthy Committee and Senator McCarthy was advised on January 13, 1953, that no pertinent, derogatory information was located. Schine and Roy Cohn were criticized in Paris newspapers concerning their investigations in Europe during April, 1953, which investigation lasted about 18 days and which was concerned with the United States Information Service Branches in Europe. Drew Pearson has criticized Schine on the radio and in his newspaper column. He has reported that Cohn and Schine left an unpaid hotel bill in Paris for \$175 after their trip to Europe for the McCarthy Committee and that this bill was being paid by the American Embassy in Paris. He reported that Schine was placed in 4-F as a result of a physical examination which found that he had a herniated disc and schizoid personality. Cohn advised Mr. Nichols in May, 1953, that Senator Jackson had stated that he had a report from a newspaper source that Schine was let out of the Army because of a psychopathic personality. Cohn advised that Schine had received honorable discharge from Transport Corps because of a bad back. In December, 1950, the Director was requested by [redacted] General Manager of the Schine Hotels in Florida, and Schine's father, to see if a deferment of 30 days or longer could be obtained for Schine who had been ordered for induction by his Los Angeles Draft Board. Subsequent inquiries on national, state and local level indicated a hostile attitude toward the steps Schine has taken in connection with his Selective Service status. Schine called the Director on January 31, 1951, and stated that he was to report for induction in New York and had been trying to learn whether he could be deferred a few weeks to adjust his business. On February 1, 1951, Schine called the Director and wanted to know how to enlist in the Navy. The Director called SAC Scheidt to make an appointment for Schine to see the proper Navy man in New York City for enlistment. SAC Scheidt later advised the Director that Schine had told him that he hoped he could get a commission in the Navy. The Director told SAC Scheidt that the Director's sole interest was to arrange for Schine to see the proper authority in the Navy and from that point on the matter rested with the Navy and Schine. In March, 1953, [redacted]

[redacted] a well known newspaper columnist, advised that she had heard COPIES DESTROYED Schine was able to evade the draft by 1954.

(Continued on next page)

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Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

virtue of his family paying a large sum of money, but she had no specific information in this regard. On August 20, 1951, Schine was rejected for the draft for dislocated disc in his back and schizoid personality. In August, 1953, General Walter Bedell Smith advised that Cohn had attempted through him to obtain a commission for Schine in the Army without basic training and had inquired about [redacted] Cohn told contrary story to Mr. Nichols. The "Washington Post" on December 23, 1953, reported that Cohn was bringing pressure to bear on Fort Dix, New Jersey, in behalf of Schine, a recent inductee. Drew Pearson in his column on February 15, 1954, in the "Washington Post," pointed out that Schine, then stationed at the Provost Marshal School, Camp Gordon, Georgia, had been responsible for transfer of Colonel Francis Kriedel who allegedly protested Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal School. [redacted] Department of the Army Counsellor, reportedly had mentioned that Cohn had once called him with respect to special treatment for Schine and had threatened that if this treatment was not afforded Schine that "they would see to it that Secretary of the Army Stevens was removed." The Director expressed his appreciation by letter on September 5, 1951, to Schine as President of Schine Hotels for courtesies extended during Director's visit at Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles. On December 28, 1951, Schine sent the Director a credit card application for Schine Hotels which was executed and returned. Schine on December 3, 1952, sent the Director a pamphlet entitled "Definition of Communism" which Schine had written. The Director acknowledged this letter on December 10, 1952. On September 10, 1953, the Director declined an invitation to a testimonial luncheon for Schine.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

DETAILS:

Purpose:

The purpose of this memorandum is to summarize information in Bufiles re captioned individual who has listed the Director as a personal character reference on an application with CID of the Army. Schine is member of family owning hotel chain.

Biographical Data:

Summary

The following information was reflected in records of the Department of the Navy when examined in April, 1953: Gerard David Schine was born September 11, 1927, at Gloversville, New York. In March of 1946 he was in his second year at Harvard. His father's name is listed as J. Myer Schine, Gloversville, New York. (62-98588-7)

McCarthy Committee:

The Director's letter of January 13, 1953, to Senator McCarthy refers to a letter of January 5, 1953, from [redacted] in which Flanagan requested that Schine's name be checked against Bureau files. The Director advised that the Bureau had not conducted any investigation on Schine and that there was no pertinent, derogatory data on him in Bufiles. Flanagan's letter stated that Schine was being considered for a position on the staff of Senator McCarthy's Committee. (77-55703-1)

A news article in the "Chicago Tribune" of February 17, 1953, stated that a Committee staff from Senator McCarthy's Investigations Committee had presented results of a study which revealed an estimated waste of \$31,000,000 in the Voice of America instruction programs. It was reported that this Committee staff was headed by David Schine, a consultant. (66-6200-123-A)

[redacted] Security Officer, American Embassy, Paris, and Seaborn Foster, Special Representative to Europe, Security Officer, American Embassy, Paris, were both interviewed by Roy Cohn and David Schine, staff members of Senator McCarthy's Investigating Committee, over the Easter week end in April, 1953. The actual interviews of these two men were conducted by Cohn and Schine left the room after being introduced. This matter was reported to the Legal Attaché, Paris, by [redacted] Regional Security Officer, Department of State, Paris. (62-96332-47)

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

The Paris Embassy dispatch on April 10, 1953, described the statement in the Paris press regarding the European trip of Cohn and Schine of the Senate Permanent Investigating Committee. This dispatch notes that one writer stated that Schine is more interested in "an advertising pamphlet put out by a hotel company which he owns." It was reported in the Paris papers that the American colony in Germany was outraged at the performance of Cohn and Schine. (62-98810-40)

[redacted] a confidential source of information, was contacted on April 13, 1953, in [redacted] by Cohn and Schine/given a project of preparing a study of opinions expressed in various German newspapers which would reflect anti-American sentiment. Cohn suggested to her that she also contact certain individuals. [redacted] furnished the above information to Special Agent [redacted] on April 20, 1953, and she was advised by [redacted] that the FBI could furnish her no assistance in her project for the Senate Committee on Investigations. (65-9940-249)

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According to the New York "Herald Tribune" edition of April 22, 1953, Cohn and Schine returned to the United States on April 21 after an 18-day tour of the United States Information Service Branches in Europe. (62-98810-A)

During the Drew Pearson radio broadcast on May 16, 1953, Pearson criticized Cohn and Schine for having romped through Europe and leaving behind an unpaid hotel bill in Paris in the amount of \$175 which the American Embassy in Paris had agreed to pay. (94-8-350-536)

Your memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated May 25, 1953, reported information which you had received from Roy Cohn. Cohn advised you that Senator Jackson had stated that he had the report from a newspaper source that Schine was let out of the Army because of a psychopathic personality when, according to Cohn, Schine had received an honorable discharge from the Transport Corps because of a bad back. (62-98588-12)

In his column on July 17, 1953, in the "Washington Post," Drew Pearson criticized Schine on his trip to Europe. Pearson stated that Schine was classified 4-F after a physical examination on Governors Island, New York, where the doctors ruled that he had a herniated disc and schizoid personality. Pearson stated that Schine is evasive when questioned regarding his military service. (62-98810-A)

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

Your memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated November 5, 1953, reported information furnished to you on November 4. This memorandum reported that Cohn was rather critical of McCarthy on the "Dave Schine business" and that Cohn had stated to you that he could not understand McCarthy and that McCarthy was thinking only of himself. (62-98810-137)

Selective Service and Related Matters:

While the Director was in Florida in December, 1950, [redacted] of the Schine Hotels in Florida, requested the Director to see if deferment of 30 days or longer could be obtained for Schine who had been ordered for induction by his Los Angeles Draft Board. Schine's father also spoke to the Director about this matter. The Director advised that the most he could do would be to make inquiry. Subsequent inquiries were made on the national, state and local levels and it was indicated a rather hostile attitude toward the steps Schine had taken in connection with his Selective Service status existed. The local board indicated some pressure had been brought to bear on them and that rumors had come to their attention that subject would never have to enter the armed services. The local board refused to give subject a hearing and later sent his papers to a New York Board to have subject inducted. Subject personally called on the Director on January 31, 1951, and stated he was to report for induction the following morning in New York and had been trying to learn whether he could be deferred a few weeks to adjust his business interests. On February 1, 1951, the subject called the Director by phone and wanted to know how to go about enlisting in the Navy. The Director called SAC Scheidt to make an appointment for subject to see the proper Navy man in New York City as to the proper procedure to enter the Navy. SAC Scheidt later advised the Director subject had been in touch with him and indicated he was hopeful he could get a commission as an officer in the Navy. The Director told SAC Scheidt no such discussion had been had and the Director's sole interest was to arrange for subject to see the proper authority in the Navy and from that point on the matter rested with the Navy and Mr. Schine. (62-98588-4)

[redacted] well known newspaper columnist, advised that she had heard rumors to the effect that Schine was able to evade the draft by virtue of his family paying a large sum of money, but [redacted] had no specific information in this regard. This matter was reported by Albany letter to the Director dated March 24, 1953. (62-98588-9)

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

According to a check made in April, 1953, through Colonel [redacted] Legal Officer for the Selective Service Headquarters in New York City, Schine was rejected, when called for active duty on August 20, 1951, before Local Board #105, on the grounds that he had a dislocated disc in his back and a schizoid personality. [redacted] at that time advised that Schine's Selective Service file does not show a schizoid personality but that this was a finding of the Surgeon General's office which conducted the physical examination at the time Schine was called up by the local draft board. (62-98588-11)

On August 5, 1953, General Walter Bedell Smith advised that Roy Cohn had asked General Smith if he could intercede with his contacts in the Army in order that a commission could be obtained by Schine without Schine's becoming involved in any basic training. According to General Smith, Cohn was advised that this would be almost impossible to do and that Cohn then inquired about the possibilities of arranging [redacted]

Referral/Consult

(Nichols)

Your memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated August 14, 1953, reported that Cohn told you a story entirely contrary to the statements made by General Smith. (62-98588)

Present Military Service:

An article in the "Washington Post" on December 23, 1953, reported that Roy Cohn, Chief Counsel for Senator McCarthy's Senate Investigations Subcommittee, was bringing pressure to bear on Fort Dix, New Jersey, in behalf of Schine, a recent inductee and former Committee colleague. This article reported that Cohn had called Fort Dix as much as four times in one day in this matter. (62-98588-A)

An article in the "Washington News" on December 24, 1953, reported that Senator McCarthy had on that date stated that he had never tried to influence Army officers at Fort Dix, New Jersey, to make basic training easier for Schine. (62-98588-A)

Drew Pearson in his column in the "Washington Post" on February 15, 1954, pointed out that Schine was then stationed at the Provost Marshal School at Camp Gordon, Georgia, and that Schine had been responsible for the transfer on January 19, 1954, of Colonel Francis Kriedel, who allegedly came to Washington in January to protest against Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal School. Kriedel's protest was reported to be in view of the fact that Schine would not have the necessary qualifications to enter this school and that Schine had been tabbed by the Department of the Army, when given a draft physical, as a "schizoid personality." Pearson further pointed out that Senator McCarthy and Cohn had from time to time been badgering the Army in order to get special treatment for Schine.

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

February 25, 1954

In a memorandum from Mr. V. P. Keay to Mr. Belmont on February 19, 1954, it is reported that [redacted] Department of the Army Counsellor, had mentioned that Cohn had once called him with respect to special treatment for Schine and had threatened that if this treatment was not afforded Schine that "they would see to it that Secretary of the Army Stevens was removed."

Miscellaneous:

Department of the Navy records regarding Schine which were examined in April, 1953, reflect that in April, 1946, Schine was under instruction at the United States Merchant Marine Cadet Basic School, San Mateo, California, and that he was appointed midshipman, Merchant Marine Reserve, United States Naval Reserve, effective April 9, 1946. A letter in this file dated July 3, 1946, stated that Schine had declined the assignment to Cadet School and on August 16, 1946, received an honorable discharge. The Military Sea and Transportation Service advised in April, 1953, that Schine had served with the Army Transportation Corps from January 16, 1947, to February 24, 1947. (62-98588-7)

The Director by letter dated September 5, 1951, expressed his appreciation to Schine as President and General Manager, Schine Hotels, for courtesies extended to the Director during his visits at the Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles. (66-2086-314)

Schine, as President of Schine Hotels, wrote the Director on December 28, 1951, enclosing a credit card application form to facilitate the Director's application for a credit card with Schine Hotels. This form was executed and returned on January 15, 1952. (66-2086-316)

The Director's letter of December 10, 1952, acknowledged receipt of a letter dated December 3, 1952, from Schine. Schine's letter had enclosed a pamphlet entitled "Definition of Communism" which Schine had written to be offered as a public service by the Schine Hotels. The Director's letter noted that he enjoyed reading this pamphlet. (62-98588-2)

The Director's letter of September 10, 1953, to Rabbi [redacted] American Jewish League Against Communism, Inc., New York City, declined an invitation to be a guest at the testimonial luncheon for Schine to be held on September 14, 1953, because of a prior commitment. (62-98588-13)

The "Washington Post" of August 27, 1953, in a short article noted that Senator McCarthy was scheduled to speak at the testimonial luncheon on September 14 for Schine. (94-39917-A)

NUMEROUS REFERENCE

4-22c

SEARCH SLIP

Supervisor

Room

4236Subj Leroy David Otis

- Exact Spelling
All References
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Mail File
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Searchers fms
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Date 12-21

FILE NUMBER

SERIALS

62-98588Leroy D.65-9940-2419L David77-55703 WASH 11/5362-98588 LT66-2086-314, 31662-98810-ANYHT 4/22/5364-8-350-53664-39917-AWash. Post 9/1/53David62-98588 L.T.62-96332 -4762-98410 (137)4050P32

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Subj: G. W. Schenck

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 All References
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Date 12-24

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SERIALS

316-6200-123-A
G. S. I. 2/17/53
225-0-369-3 Dupl.
94-8-350-5-36 P-1
62-98410-A
Wash. Post 2/17/53
Wave
62-95588
W.P.
N.R.



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Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT
FEB 24 1954

TO : Mr. Tolson ✓ per DS

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

DATE: Feb. 24, 1954

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Vaer DS

Tolson	✓
Ladd	✓
Nichols	✓
Belmont	✓
Clegg	✓
Glasier	✓
Harbo	✓
Rosca	✓
Tracy	✓
Geary	✓
Mohr	✓
Piscator	✓
Tele. Room 1	✓
Holloman	✓
Sizoo	✓
Miss Gandy	✓

By reference from the Director's Office at 3:12 p.m. today, Mr. McGuire took a telephone call from [redacted] of the Criminal Investigations Division, Military Police, Fort Myer, Virginia (extension 3108), who advised that he had been assigned to do a background investigation on Gerard D. Schine, who is currently attending the Military Police School in Georgia and who had listed the Director as a character reference. [redacted] stated that Schine was applying for assignment to the Criminal Investigative Division of the Military Police. [redacted] stated that he would like to talk to the Director personally concerning his knowledge of Schine.

[redacted] was advised that the Director was not available in the office at the moment, but we would certainly inform him at the earliest opportunity on his return and we would be in touch with [redacted] subsequently.

[redacted] was asked if he had any additional background on Mr. Schine and he advised he understood he was from Florida and that his father owned a number of hotels.

This is undoubtedly Dave Schine. We are getting up a complete summary on Schine for the Director's consideration as to what [redacted] might be told concerning Schine.

cc: Mr. Ladd
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Holloman

RECORDED-96

JJM:arm

SE 27 62-98588-15
MAR 3 1954

CHIEF REC'D.
55 MAR 11 1954

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO , MR. A. H. BELMONT *(APB)*

FROM , MR. V. P. KEAY *(V.P.K.)*

SUBJECT: GERALD DAVID SCHINE
ROY COHN
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: February 19, 1954

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ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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DATE 5-9-88 BY SP4/tjg/jl
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General Counsel
Reference
 Reference is made to an article by Drew Pearson entitled "Schine Leads Charmed Life," which appeared in the "Washington Post" of February 15, 1954. Instant article is attached. This article pointed out that Schine, one of Senator Joseph McCarthy's former investigators who is now stationed at the Provost Marshal's School at Camp Gordon, has been responsible for the transfer on January 19, 1954, of Colonel Francis Kriedel, who allegedly came to Washington in January to protest against Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal's School in view of the fact that Schine did not have the necessary qualifications to enter the school and, in addition, had been tabbed by the Department of the Army, when given a draft physical, as a "schizoid personality." Pearson further pointed out that Senator McCarthy and particularly Mr. Cohn have from time to time been badgering the Army in order to get special treatment for Schine.

As pointed out by Liaison in previous memoranda, it was learned from G-2 that prior to the opening of the Ft. Monmouth hearings, Mr. Cohn allegedly on behalf of Senator McCarthy had made direct contact with the Secretary of the Army's office to obtain a commission for Schine in intelligence service in G-2 and then in the Counter Intelligence Corps. Both requests were flatly denied. It is known that when [redacted] Department of the Army Counselor, turned down one of these requests, Roy Cohn made the threat "We'll make it tough for you." This was assumed to mean, by those concerned, the Ft. Monmouth hearings.

Colonel W. A. Perry very confidentially advised Liaison Agent John F. Sullivan that he did not know much about the situation down at Camp Gordon at the Provost Marshal's School, but he did know that Roy Cohn had been badgering John [redacted] with respect to Schine, and that Cohn calls [redacted] at all hours of the night making special requests for treatment of Schine. He also stated that he did not want it repeated that [redacted] had mentioned that Roy Cohn had once called him with respect to special treatment for Schine and had threatened that if this treatment was not afforded Schine, "They would see to it that Secretary of the Army Stevens was removed." Inquiry of Colonel Perry as to whether Cohn was making such calls on behalf of McCarthy or on his own elicited the reply that he did not know, but

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EX-103

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knowing Cohn and his type he believed that Cohn was pushing his weight around. He added that others present at this discussion observed that it was a tragic and disgusting commentary on American Government and the administration of a department such as the Army when an individual like Cohn was permitted to abuse his position to such a degree.

RECOMMENDATION:

For your information.

QWAK

The Washington Merry-Go-Round

Schine Deads Charmed Life

By Drew Pearson

Gerald David Schine, the handsome, dreamy-eyed young man who gravitated around Europe at the taxpayers' expense on behalf of Joe McCarthy, still seems to lead a charmed life in the Army. Though only a private, superior officers almost bow and scrape before him, and one officer who didn't, the commander of the Provost Marshal School at Camp Gordon, Ga., has just been transferred.

He is Col. Francis Kreidel, who had the temerity to come to Washington in January to protest against Schine's assignment to the Provost Marshal School. On January 19, Colonel Kreidel was transferred to Tokyo.

Ordinarily no one is admitted to the Provost Marshal School unless under regulation 615-215-1 he has had two years' service, and unless he has the rank of corporal or higher. Schine has had only four months service and is only a private. Furthermore a candidate for this school must have a history of freedom from pathological or personality disorders. Schine, however, was deferred from the draft after a physical examination had tabbed him with a "schizoid personality."

Though the Army requires candidates for the Provost Marshal School to be in Class 1 or Class 2 physical condition, Schine is in Class 3.

Despite all this, McCarthy arranged for his ex-committee staffer to be transferred from his basic training at Fort Dix, N. J., direct to the Provost Marshal School where he is supposed to take an advanced criminal investigation course. And with the support of someone in Secretary of the Army Stevens' office, the transfer was approved.



Pearson

And when Colonel Kreidel came to Washington to protest, he found himself transferred to Tokyo. His place is being taken by Brig. Gen. Francis Howard who has been in Tokyo.

Schine's Charmed Career

Meanwhile, the dreamy-eyed Gerard David Schine continues his charmed Army career.

It goes back to postwar days when he was first exempted from the draft because at the age of 23 he acted as vice president of the Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles, one of the six swanky hotels owned by his father.

Finally last July, Schine was reclassified I-A whereupon McCarthy promptly called on Gen. Miles Reber, then Army legislative representative on Capitol Hill, and requested that Schine get a commission. To this end, his papers were sent to three different branches of the Army. Each sent back word that he lacked the qualifications for a commission.

So in late October Schine finally was drafted as a private. Whereupon McCarthy requested the Army to assign his young friend to New York to scrutinize West Point texts books for leftwing slants.

This didn't go down well with the Army.

Schine was ordered to report November 3. But McCarthy got him ten days' temporary duty in New York, and he finally was sent to Fort Dix for basic training on November 13. However, McCarthy got an agreement from the Army that Schine could have his weekends off to come to Washington, allegedly for investigative work, that he could have weekday evenings off, and young Roy Cohn badgered the Army so much that Schine escaped all kitchen police duty.

However, Schine's special privileges were so abused that Gen. Cornelius Ryan protested direct to Secretary of the Army Stevens, and the week nights off were stopped. Schine still got weekends off, however, and failed to show up for Saturday morning duty.

As of today, the dream boy is taking the eight-week training given to all military policemen for the Provost Marshal's School at Camp Gordon. Right now he's learning to direct traffic.

This menial work, however, has brought a howl of protest from his pal and partner, Roy Cohn, who wants his friend to go direct into criminal investi-

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Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____

Times-Herald

Wash. Post

Wash. News

Wash. Star

N.Y. Herald Tribune

N.Y. Mirror

Date: FEB 15 1954

Memorandum
15-5-1954
1-21-1954

62-98588-16

gation, not horse around with basic police training and traffic problems.

Cohn is so upset about this that he has been telephoning the Office of Secretary of the Army Stevens demanding that Schine be spared this basic training.

If Schine is not spared, Cohn warns, he is going to see to it that the Secretary of the Army is fired.

And that is the current, but probably not the concluding, chapter of the Washington classic which has come to be known as "Mr. Cohn and Mr. Schine."

(Copyright 1954, Bell Syndicate, Inc.)
Read Drew Pearson's column every day, including Sunday, in The Washington Post. Hear him Sundays on WTOP radio at 11:15 p. m. and WTOP-TV at 11:30 p. m.

[redacted] left with me the attached two documents, the one dealing with the summary of the case of Major Irving Peress, as he thought this might be of interest to the Bureau, and the second being a chronology of efforts made by Senator McCarthy and his staff, particularly Roy Cohn, to put pressure on the Army with a view to securing special treatment for former consultant to the Committee, G. David Schine. I think both of these documents should be carefully read by the officials of the Bureau to whom this memorandum is addressed.

[redacted] stated that the Army was considering the whole problem of making available to Congressional Committees copies of files and reports if they are requested by such Committees and he wanted to know whether I had any views as to what the Army should do in this respect. I told [redacted] that obviously this was a matter entirely out of my jurisdiction but that if there were any FBI reports in any files of the Army which were requested by Congressional Committees, that certainly the Army authorities should contact this Bureau before furnishing any such reports to any Committee or outside party and that, furthermore, it had been the established procedure of this Bureau not to make files of this Bureau available to Congressional Committees. I suggested to [redacted] that he might desire to discuss this problem with Assistant Attorney General Rankin who had given some study to the over-all problem in months past and had given advice and counsel to the Attorney General about the same.

I took occasion on this visit of [redacted] to call his attention to the current conflict existing between the Army and the Department of Justice over investigative jurisdiction. [redacted] stated that he was generally familiar as to this although the matter had not yet officially come before him. He stated he disagreed with the position which had been taken by the Judge Advocate General's Office. I told him that there was presently in preparation a letter to the Judge Advocate General setting forth the Department's views in this matter. [redacted] suggested that this letter be addressed to the Secretary of the Army so that it would come to the Secretary first and through the Secretary would reach [redacted] and would probably receive prompter attention than if it went through the Judge Advocate General's Office. I conveyed this suggestion to Mr. Ladd and asked that he convey it to the Department.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Geary
Mohr
Reeves
Tele. Room
Holloman
Vice F. B. I.

JEH:mpd

Office Memorandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson *Van B*

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
ROY COHN

DATE: March 12, 1954

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 5-9-88 BY SP/SP/jm
#274,508

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Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
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Waterrowd
Tele. Room
Holmes
Sizoo
Miss Gandy

For record purposes, at 11:24 a.m. today, SAC Kelly of the New York office called Wick in my office stating a Western Union contact of the New York office had just informed him that Western Union in New York is dispatching to "The White House, Washington, D. C." a telegram reading as follows: "Of course you realize Cohn and Schine are homosexuals." The telegram was signed "anonymous."

Wick told Kelly to do nothing on this unless advised to the contrary.

cc: Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Rosen

REW:MP

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 105-12159-1908

REC'D - 68 762-98588-17
MAR 19 1954

51 MAR 30 1954

OFFICE MEMORANDUM

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson
FROM : L. B. Nichols
SUBJECT: ROY M. COHN
G. DAVID SCHINE

DATE: March 17, 1954

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Reference my memorandum reporting on the 11:24 a.m. telephone call to Wick from SAC Kelly in New York concerning a telegram being sent to the White House today.

At 12:30 p.m., Supervisor [redacted] of the New York Office, called Wick and stated that Western Union Officials have called the New York Office with additional and clarifying information in this matter.

The Western Union contact, a highly placed source, advises that two messages were phoned to Western Union in New York at 3:47 a.m. this morning.

Message #1: 3:47 a.m. - addressed to "Sherman Adams, Presidential Adviser, White House, Washington, D. C." The message reads, "You realize certainly Cohn and Shine homosexuals. Signed [redacted]" This message was phoned in from New York City telephone number Butterfield 8-7499. *[Signature]*

Message #2: phoned in from same telephone number as #1 within a couple minutes after #1 above, and addressed the same as #1 above. This message read, "Find it incredible maniac McCarthy serves as judge on own Committee. Signed [redacted]" *[Signature]*

The source in Western Union advised the New York Office that the telephone number Butterfield 8-7499 is the home phone number of [redacted]. The current Manhattan telephone directory, however, said [redacted] does not list [redacted] name.

What do our files show? H.

ACTION BEING TAKEN: [redacted] stated that Western Union is furnishing the New York Office any information it has regarding the telephone listing for [redacted] and [redacted] and the New York Office, for the Bureau's information, is checking New York indices and will advise the Bureau this afternoon of its findings.

Yes. H.

cc: Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Rosen

REW:arm

162-98588-
NOT RECORDED
176 MAR 31 1954

51 APR 12 1954

ORIGINAL FILE IN 62-97564-3

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols
Re: ROY M. COHN
G. DAVID SCHINE

[redacted] said that after a "huddle," Western Union officials have decided to forward wires #1 and #2 above to Sherman Adams. New York pointed out that it would not be advisable for us to advise Adams of their imminent since to do so might jeopardize our informant.

copy:emp

b6
b7C

Mr. Tolson

March 18, 1954

L. B. Nichols

said
Reference is made to my previous memorandum today relating to the wire sent Sherman Adams of the White House yesterday signed [redacted] reading "You realize certainly Cohn and Schine homosexuals."

G. David

A search of Bureau files reflects we have many references to perhaps three different individuals bearing this name, but in the absence of further identifying detail it has not been possible to definitely identify these individuals with the [redacted] of New York City telephone number Butterfield 8-7499 which is listed to [redacted] and [redacted] at [redacted]

ACTION:

Unless advised to the contrary, no further action will be taken.

cc- Mr. Boardman
cc- Mr. Belmont
cc- Mr. Rosen

162-985-88-
NOT RECORDED
176 MAR 25 1954

19
ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-97564-1
19
60 APR 1 1954

Copy: ssdc

b6
b7c

Mr. Tolson

March 18, 1954

L. B. Nichols

G. David Schine

NEW YORK CITY
WESTERN UNION MESSAGES TO
SHERMAN ADAMS, WHITE HOUSE -3-17-54

Reference my memoranda dated yesterday, 3-17-54, in the above
captioned matter. Supervisor [redacted] of the New York Office at
5:45 p.m. last night advised Wick in my office that New York Indictment
contains no identifiable references with [redacted]
[redacted] from whose home telephone (Butterfield 8-7499) the two
first wires to the White House were sent.

A most discreet inquiry was made by the New York Office with high placed contacts in the Telephone Company, The Greater Credit Bureau of New York and public records with the following results concerning [redacted]

Since April 22 or 23, 1953, telephone number Butterfield 8-7499 New York City has been assigned by the Telephone Company to [REDACTED] An alternate listing for this same number is made to [REDACTED] which indicates that he receives telephone calls over this same number and for an additional fee to the Telephone Company has his name listed as assigned to Butterfield 8-7499 in Telephone Company records.

[Redacted] was formerly employed by Knoll Associates, 175 Madison Avenue, New York City. He banks at the Second National Bank, Boston, Massachusetts.

A credit report dated 5-25-48, made in Boston on [redacted]
reflects he resided at [redacted] [redacted].
Credit records reflect [redacted] was born [redacted]
attended Harvard University for two years under the GI Bill of Rights
and withdrew therefrom 3-1-48. He also took a special course in
languages in at the Berlitz School of Languages in Boston.

Credit reports also reflect [redacted] then went to work (no dates given) for United Nations Association, 40 West Vernon Street, Boston, Massachusetts, where he served in charge of the Film Division at \$45.00 per week.

His mother is listed as [REDACTED] the wife of [REDACTED]. She is listed as the owner of the property at [REDACTED] home address. The father, [REDACTED] was listed as [REDACTED] for the firm of Jones, Gardner and Bell Company, 148 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts, a large wool concern. The New York Office determined that [REDACTED] can currently be reached at [REDACTED].

cc - Mr. Gardner

cc - Mr. Belmont

cc - Dr. Rcsen

Religious

162 - 95588 -

10.10. *Microcentrum*

172 MAR 91 1964

Memorandum for Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols

RE: [redacted]

NEW YORK CITY
WESTERN UNION MESSAGES TO
SHERMAN ADAMS, WHITE HOUSE - 3-17-54

reached at the business telephone of Murrayhill 8-7767 (New York City) which is listed to John Bessie, Inc., 50 East 54th Street, New York City. This firm carries on a business as an antique dealer and employs [redacted]
[redacted] It is not known in what capacity.

The New York Office advised that while neither [redacted]
Beal, Jr., nor [redacted] is listed in the current Manhattan telephone directory, there is a listing for [redacted] in the 1953 Manhattan telephone directory which gives his address as [redacted].
Special Agent [redacted] said that prior to April 22 or 27, 1953 (telephone records are not clear) Butterfield 8-7199 was the telephone listed to both [redacted] and [redacted] at [redacted].

CHECK OF NEW YORK OFFICE AND BUREAU INDICES:

New York Office indices and Bureau indices contain no identifiable references concerning [redacted] or [redacted]. No record appears for either in the files of the New York City Police Department.

FBI IDENTIFICATION DIVISION RECORDS:

Records in the Identification Division reflect that a [redacted]
[redacted] born [redacted] (same birthdate appears in New York Credit Bureau records) enlisted 9-6-44 in the Marine Corps in Boston, Massachusetts. This same individual made application for an identification card to the Captain of the Port, Boston, Massachusetts in 1943, and gave his address as [redacted]. This print was xxxx received in the Identification Division 9-2-43. Files of the Identification Division reflect also that one [redacted] bears Army Serial [redacted] and was inducted into the U. S. Army 7-18-44 in Los Angeles, California. This individual was born [redacted] in [redacted].

The noncriminal prints referred to above on Louis Morris Starr and [redacted] were both searched through the criminal files of the Identification Division and no record was found.

- SIGNER OF THE WIRE RE SCHIRMER AS HOMOSEXUALS:

SA [redacted] of the New York Office advised this morning that Western Union in checking its operator reports determined that the first name of [redacted] given to us yesterday is the signer of the wire

Memorandum for Mr. Olson from L. B. Nichols

RE: [redacted]

NEW YORK CITY
WESTERN UNION MESSAGE TO
SHERMAN ADAMS, WHITE HOUSE - 3-17-54

xxak

relating to Schine and Cohn as being homosexuals, is [redacted]
said he was unable to find any identifiable reference in the New York
Office indices to [redacted] and Police Department records cannot be
searched without more identifying data.

ACTION TAKEN:

Bureau files contain many references to [redacted] in the
New York area and these are currently being searched and you will be
advised.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson *(per MD)*

DATE: March 26, 1954

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
SELECTIVE SERVICE

Handwritten Signature

Johnson
Ladd
Nichols
Schoen
Clegg
Glavin
Hobbo
Pace
Tracy
Mohr
Trotter
Vander
Tele. Room
Holloman
Miss Gandy

[redacted] of the New York News dropped by [redacted] my office this afternoon at 4:30 p.m. and in my absence talked to DeLoach. [redacted] confidentially advised he had just received a tip from a Member of Congress that in 1944 the captioned individual had paid an unknown individual to have an x-ray taken of the unknown individual's back. Schine then delivered the x-ray in question to his local Selective Service Board and was deferred. The unknown individual had a serious back ailment at the time, according to [redacted]

[redacted] desired to know if we had any comment regarding this matter. [redacted] told him we had no comment whatsoever to make.

[redacted] lead appears rather erroneous. Schine is twenty-six years of age and, therefore, in 1944 would have only been sixteen and not eligible for the draft. We do have information in our files indicating that in 1951 Schine was rejected from the draft because of a dislocated disc and schizoid personality. A summary memorandum regarding Schine, which has previously been sent through, is attached.

ACTION:

It is suggested this memorandum be forwarded to the Investigative Division for the attention of the Selective Service Desk.

Recfile # 62-9858-14

Attachment

CDD:ima
3/20/54

Offin ✓ *JME*

OP
b-NW

RECORDED-14

62-98588-18
MAR 31 1954

60 APR 7 1954
270

104

29

Personal and
Confidential

RECORDED - 4 62-18178-19

over refiled
all 65-21388-28

April 16, 1954

MEMORANDUM FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL

With reference to the information which you asked me to have checked in California concerning a report to the effect that a [redacted] Director of the Selective Service System in California, might have some information indicating that G. David Schine had employed an attorney in California and had supplied this attorney with money with which to effect a bribe so as to prevent Schine's induction into the armed services; I am setting forth the following quotation which is taken from a teletype just received from my San Francisco Office and which is self-explanatory:

[redacted] has been State Director of Selective Service System, California, since prior to 1948. He advises no information or rumor that Schine had retained California attorney for purpose of having him bribe someone to keep Schine from being inducted into Army had ever come to his attention. [redacted] stated Schine case has received much publicity. If any creditable information had come to his attention he would immediately have advised this office. Further states Schine case had never been referred to State Director's office. Any handling it has received has been by local board with which he is registered, which is Local Board 105 at Los Angeles, California. [redacted] stated he had heard rumor recently but it was pure rumor and he does not remember person from whom he heard it to effect Schine sometime ago was alleged to have made statement that money was no object as far as he was concerned in obtaining deferment. He advised there had been other ugly rumors floating around as to Schine's being declared ineligible for Army service which he had never received from any source he considered creditable and which he had discounted. Records of State Director of Selective Service do not reflect anyone in employ of Selective Service System, either in paid or in unpaid capacity, having surname of [redacted] or logical variation thereof.

I respectfully,

John Edgar Hoover
Director

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

JEH:mpd

SENT FROM D. C.	
TIME	10:12 AM
DATE	4-16-54
BY [redacted]	

APR 16

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
COMMUNICATIONS SECTION

APR 15 1954

TELETYPE

FBI, SAN FRANCISCO
DIRECTOR, FBI

4-15-54

URGENT

7-48 PM

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Boardman	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Glavin	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Eason	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Tracy	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	ELH
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

ATTENTION ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR CLYDE TOLSON--

b6
b7C

RE G. DAVID SCHINE, INFO CONCERNING. REFERENCE MR. TOLSON-S CALL TODAY. [REDACTED] HAS BEEN STATE DIRECTOR OF SELECTIVE SERVICE SYSTEM, CALIFORNIA, SINCE PRIOR TO NINETEEN FORTY-EIGHT. HE ADVISES NO INFORMATION OR RUMOR THAT SCHINE HAD RETAINED CALIFORNIA ATTORNEY FOR PURPOSE OF HAVING HIM BRIBE SOMEONE TO KEEP SCHINE FROM BEING INDUCTED INTO ARMY HAD EVER COME TO HIS ATTENTION. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] STATED SCHINE CASE HAS RECEIVED MUCH PUBLICITY. IF ANY CREDITABLE INFORMATION HAD COME TO HIS ATTENTION HE WOULD IMMEDIATELY HAVE ADVISED THIS OFFICE. FURTHER STATES SCHINE CASE HAD NEVER BEEN REFERRED TO STATE DIRECTOR-S OFFICE. ANY HANDLING IT HAS RECEIVED HAS BEEN BY LOCAL BOARD WITH WHICH HE IS REGISTERED, WHICH IS LOCAL BOARD ONE HUNDRED FIVE AT LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA. [REDACTED] STATED

HE HAD HEARD RUMOR RECENTLY BUT IT WAS PURE RUMOR AND HE DOES NOT REMEMBER PERSON FROM WHOM HE HEARD IT TO EFFECT SCHINE SOMETIME AGO WAS ALLEGED TO HAVE MADE STATEMENT THAT MONEY WAS NO OBJECT AS FAR AS HE WAS CONCERNED IN OBTAINING DEFERMENT. HE ADVISED THERE HAD BEEN OTHER UGLY RUMORS FLOATING AROUND AS TO SCHINE'S APR 22 1954 DECLARED INELIGIBLE RECORDS - 462-9858 Y-19 END PAGE ONE-

EX-121 SCHINE APR 22 1954

6/10

- PAGE TWO

FOR ARMY SERVICE WHICH HE HAD NEVER RECEIVED FROM ANY SOURCE HE
CONSIDERED CREDITABLE AND WHICH HE HAD DISCOUNTED. RECORDS OF STATE
DIRECTOR OF SELECTIVE SERVICE DO NOT REFLECT ANYONE IN EMPLOY OF SS
SYSTEM EITHER IN PAID OR IN UNPAID CAPACITY HAVING SURNAME OF [REDACTED]
OR LOGICAL VARIATION THEREOF.

WHELAN

HOLD PLS

CC - Mr. Tolson

TH, ATTORNEY GENERAL

MAY 6, 1954

DIRECTOR, FBI

RECORDED - 55

G. DAVID SCHINE

95-238-28

On April 30, 1954,

[redacted] furnished the following information concerning the captioned individual to a representative of this Bureau:

[redacted] advised that he had received this information from a reliable source, who in turn had received it from Schine's [redacted] who is believed by [redacted] to be the [redacted] of the [redacted] of the Brillo Company. According to [redacted] possibly during Christmas, 1953, this former roommate visited Schine's office, which was located in a hotel owned by Schine's father at Miami, Florida. At that time Schine exhibited to the former roommate a picture of the Tree of Life, generally used by persons to depict ancestry. The Tree of Life in Schine's possession contained the names of prominent Government officials, including President Eisenhower and members of his Cabinet. Schine was reported to have said that he had enough information in his possession to exert pressure on all those persons whose names appeared on the Tree of Life. This picture, according to [redacted] was hung behind a curtain in Schine's office.

[redacted] indicated that he intended to [redacted] the above information to [redacted] who is presently Counsel for the Committee investigating the dispute between Senator McCarthy and the Secretary of the Army.

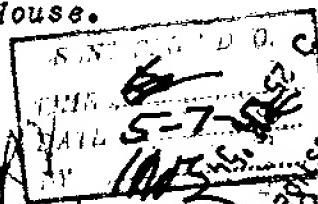
The above is being furnished for your information. These data have also been furnished to Governor Sherman Adams, Vice Assistant to the President, White House.

BAW:mnm

MA P 4 PM 10 AM

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Tracy _____
Mohr _____
Winterton _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Miss Gandy _____

FOR APPROVAL
SENT DIRECTOR
MAY 18 1954
6-6-54



457 PH 4
MAY 6 1954

May 6, 1954

RECORDED - 58

20

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
BY COURIER SERVICE

Honorable Sherman Adams
The Assistant to the President
The White House
Washington, D. C.

My dear Mr. Adams:

On April 30, 1954, [redacted] furnished the following information concerning G. David Schine to a representative of this Bureau:

[redacted] advised that he had received this information from a reliable source, who in turn had received it from Schine's [redacted] at Harvard, who he believed to be the [redacted] of the [redacted] of the Brillo Company. According to [redacted] possibly during Christmas, 1953, this former roommate visited Schine's office, which was located in a hotel owned by Schine's father at Miami, Florida. At that time Schine exhibited to the former roommate a picture of the Tree of Life, generally used by persons to depict ancestry. The Tree of Life in Schine's possession contained the names of prominent Government officials, including President Eisenhower and members of his Cabinet. Schine was reported to have said that he had enough information in his possession to exert pressure on all those persons whose names appeared on the Tree of Life. This picture, according to Aylesworth, was hung behind a curtain in Schine's office.

[redacted] indicated that he intended to furnish the above information to [redacted] who is presently Counsel for the Committee investigating the dispute between Senator McCarthy and the Secretary of the Army.

Toison
Boardman
Nichols
Belmont
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tamm
Tracy
Mohr
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman
Miss Gandy

R. J. W. B. D. O.
5-7-54
BAW:mnm
77-7

The above is being furnished for your information
5-7-54
MAY 6 1954
SAC WASHINGTON
5-6-54

Sincerely yours,

RECEIVED READING ROOM
MAY 6 1954

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

AIR TEL

BUREAU FROM BOSTON

4/30/54

4:00 P.M.

DIRECTOR

URGENT

G. DAVID SCHINE, INFORMATION CONCERNING. [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] ADVISED THIS DATE THAT HE HAS RECEIVED [REDACTED]
INFORMATION FROM A RELIABLE SOURCE CONCERNING CAPTIONED SUBJECT WHO
IS A FORMER EMPLOYEE OF THE MC CARTHY SENATE INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.
SOURCE ADVISED [REDACTED] THAT HIS INFO COMES FROM SCHINE'S [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] AT HARVARD WHO IS BELIEVED BY [REDACTED] TO BE THE [REDACTED]
[REDACTED] OF THE BRILLO CO., WHICH COMPANY MANUFACTURES STEEL WOOL.
THIS [REDACTED] ALLEGED TO HAVE VISITED SCHINE AT HIS OFFICE IN MIAMI,
FLORIDA, POSSIBLY DURING CHRISTMAS 1953, AT WHICH TIME SCHINE SHOWED
HIM A PICTURE OF THE TREE OF LIFE, GENERALLY USED BY PERSONS TO
DEPICT ANCESTRY. TREE IN SCHINE'S POSSESSION HAD NAMES OF PROMINENT
GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS INCLUDING PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND MEMBERS OF
HIS CABINET. SCHINE REPORTED TO HAVE TOLD [REDACTED] IN SUBSTANCE
THAT HE HAS ENOUGH INFORMATION IN HIS POSSESSION TO EXERT PRESSURE
ON ALL THOSE PERSONS WHOSE NAMES APPEARED ON THE TREE OF LIFE. THIS
PICTURE, ACCORDING TO [REDACTED] WAS HUNG BEHIND CURTAIN IN SCHINE'S

OFFICE WHICH IS LOCATED IN HOTEL OWNED BY SCHINE'S FATHER AT MIAMI.

RECORDED - 58 62-49588-20

[REDACTED] STATED HIS SOURCE OF INFORMATION IS A RELIABLE INDIVIDUAL
INDEXED 108
WHO ALSO ATTENDED HARVARD. HE ALSO INDICATED HE INTENDS TO FURNISH

JCH:MAR

Mr. Nichols

Approved:

Special Agent in Charge

END PAGE ONE

Sent _____ M Per _____

FD-36

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nease
Mr. Rosenblatt
Mr. Quinn
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. W. H. Crowley
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

b6
b7c

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Transmit the following Teletype message to:

b6
b7C

PAGE TWO CONTINUED

THE ABOVE INFORMATION TO [REDACTED] WHO IS PRESENTLY COUNSEL
FOR THE SENATE COMMITTEE INVESTIGATING THE DISPUTE BETWEEN SENATOR
McCARTHY AND THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY. THIS IS BEING FURNISHED
FOR THE BUREAU'S INFORMATION.

FOSTER

(cc)

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Rosen

DATE: APRIL 27

Mr. Price

ROY COHN;
DAVID SCHINE;
INFORMATION CONCERNING

b6
b7C
b7D

Criminal Informant [redacted]
has advised the New York Office that Roy Cohn and
David Schine have dated several prostitutes who
operate as call girls in New York City.

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] and [redacted] [redacted] [redacted] have
been dated by both Cohn and Schine. [redacted] is
[redacted] is a potential witness in the current
New York Office and she has given [redacted] information con-
firming that furnished by [redacted]

b6
b7C
b7D

[redacted] [redacted]
arrested by the New York City Police on April 23, 1968
on homicide charge, based on the fatal shooting of
[redacted] in a Bronx, New York
apartment.

b6
b7C
b7D

RECOMMENDATION:

That no further action be taken.

cc: [redacted]
cc: Mr. Wallace

971

S. [redacted]

COPY:emf

b6
b7C

Mr. Tolson

May 21, 1954

L. B. Nichols

[redacted] of the Gannett Newspapers called. He has heard rumors regarding a homosexual relationship between Cohn and Schine. He has paid no attention to them, but now has a letter from one of the Gannett editors in New York who stated that he had heard this story and wondered what information there was to support it. [redacted] stated that if the rumor was not true, he thought a very grave injustice was being done and wondered if I could give him any guidance.

I told him that I could not; that we were not informed of the personal lives of Cohn and Schine.

G. David

LEX:ptm

4
162-98588-1 ✓
RECORDED
MAY 21 1954

162-98588-1
INITIALS

04 JUN 1954
80/11

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-8-237-37

gao
ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION

129-1

Postmarked New Haven, Connecticut, May 29, 1954

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am no Govt. employee who puts loyalty to Sen. McCarthy first.

But I say this:

G. David S

It is well known that Cohn & Schine are homosexuals.

It is assumed by many that McCarthy himself is also a fairy.

Trust you will put this "derogatory" report in their files.

They are the 3 dirtiest men in the U. S. today.

—Revolted Republican

D
COPY-off

162-98588-
NOT RECORDED
176 JUN 7 1954

SP
30 JUN 11 1954

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

ORIGINAL FILED IN 162-96392-112

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : THE DIRECTOR

DATE: June 14, 1954

FROM : L. V. BOARDMAN

JL

SUBJECT: SENATOR McCARTHY - ARMY HEARING
G. DAVID SCHINE

R
b6
b7C

Tolson	_____
Boardman	_____
Autole	_____
Belvoir	_____
Glavin	_____
Harbo	_____
Roses	_____
Tamm	_____
Tracy	_____
Mohr	_____
Winterrowd	_____
Tele. Room	_____
Holloman	_____
Miss Gandy	_____

In a memorandum dated June 11, 1954, from Special Agent [redacted] to Mr. Nichols, it was indicated that under close examination by Senator Symington it was brought out that Senator McCarthy had had an FBI name check for G. David Schine before he employed him. You made the inquiry "Did we make a name check? H."

Bufiles reflect that Francis D. Flanagan, Chief Counsel for the Committee on Government Operations, U. S. Senate, directed a letter to you on January 5, 1953, wherein he advised that Schine was being considered for a position on the Subcommittee Staff and asked that his name be checked against files of the FBI. By letter dated January 12, 1953, to the Honorable Joseph R. McCarthy, he was advised that this Bureau had not conducted any investigation of G. David Schine and that there was no derogatory data contained in the files of this Bureau.

A cover memorandum from D. M. Ladd to you dated January 9, 1953, accompanying this letter pointed out that Schine has addressed cordial communications to you on the stationery of the Schine Hotels, Office of the President, and communications to him from you have been addressed to him as President, Schine Hotels. This memorandum also reflected that in a memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated February 3, 1951, you stated that on January 31, 1951, Mr. G. David Schine, President of the Schine Hotels, had called to see you to discuss his status with Selective Service. Schine had requested a 30 day or longer deferment in order to adjust his business interests. You had caused an inquiry to be made at national, state and local levels of the Selective Service System and had determined that no deferment would be granted. This information was furnished Mr. Schine at the time he called on you January 31, 1951. (62-97564-15 and 77-55703)

RECOMMENDATION:

RECORDED EX-12 181

62-98588-21

None. This is for your information.

13 JUN 16 1954

60 JUN 24 1954

MAY 12 1954 1000

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 62-97564-15 ✓

JWS
JB
Tolson _____
Ladd _____
Nichols _____
Byrnes _____

Gandy _____
Hobson _____
Rosen _____
Tracy _____
Geary _____
Mohr _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Sizoo _____
Miss Gandy _____

June 11, 1954
2:55 p.m.

Mr. Nichols

RE: SENATOR MC CARTHY - ARMY HEARING *Joseph B*

Under cross-examination by Senator Symington, it was brought out that Senator McCarthy had had an FBI name check made for G. David Schine before he employed him. Senator Symington asked if Schine had any experience as an investigator, and Senator McCarthy said no. Senator Symington stated that he also understood that Schine had never worked for the FBI, and Senator McCarthy advised that that was right. Senator Symington also asked Senator McCarthy if he asked the FBI to recommend any individuals as investigators for the McCarthy Committee. Senator McCarthy advised that he did usually ask for a name check prior to employing anyone.

SA [redacted]

SDT/1

*Did it ever make a
name check?*

A

*memo-Bentley-Schneid
6/14/54 JWS*

CLOSURE

RECORDED - 181
EX-121

62-98588-21

19 JUN 16 1954

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Tolson *H. P. D.*

DATE: June 17, 1954

b6
b7c

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
APPLICATION FOR ARMY COMMISSION
J. EDGAR HOOVER AS REFERENCE

At 9:55 a.m. today [redacted] of the Washington Daily News called Wick in my office. He said in the McCarthy hearings yesterday mention was made of the application for an Army commission filed by G. David Schine, in which he lists J. Edgar Hoover as one of his character references. Lewis' question: "Was this done with Mr. Hoover's permission?" Wick told [redacted] he would make a check.

Army Counsel Joseph Welch in the McCarthy hearings yesterday introduced a document which he said was an application for a commission in the Army filed by G. David Schine. During the testimony which was confined to a discussion of whether Senator McCarthy had signed a recommendation for the Schine commission, it was brought out that McCarthy had signed a loyalty oath on behalf of Schine but had not backed him as such for the commission. No mention in the public testimony was made to the contents of Schine's application except with respect to limited background. Neither the Director's name nor anyone else's was mentioned as listed or set out by Schine as one of his character references.

The Washington Daily News for 6-16-54 carries a story to the effect that Schine's application lists the following references: [REDACTED] Dean of Harvard College; [REDACTED] of Hearst newspapers; J. Edgar Hoover; [REDACTED] newspaper columnist, and Roy Cohn. The clipping is attached.

On 2-24-54 we received a call from the Military Police at Fort Myer who advised they were conducting a background investigation on Schine and the Director's name had been listed as a character reference. [] of the Criminal Investigative Division, Military Police, desired to talk with the Director. We prepared a summary of information available on Schine and the Military Police, with the Director's approval, were advised the Director was not available for interview but he had known the Schine family for some time, knew nothing derogatory concerning the applicant's character, loyalty or reputation. (62-98588) *RFB*

ACTION:

EX-104 RECORDED-21
INDEXED-21 62-98582-22

Autumnal Equinox

Attachment
cc - Mr. Boardman

cc - MR. BOARDMAN
cc. 11 Mr 1 Feb 1958

ବ୍ୟାକ ପରିଚୟ

cc - Mr. Jones
REVIEWED

13 JUN 21 1954

Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Nichols _____
 Belmont _____
 Glavin _____
 Harbo _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Tracy _____

Welch Makes Score in Quiz of McCarthy

By ANTHONY LEWIS and DON MAY

Army Counsel Joseph N. Welch delivered a swift and theatrical coup de grace to Sen. Joseph R. McCarthy on one relatively minor point in the Army-McCarthy hearings today.

He brought out that Sen. McCarthy, who has denied knowing anything about a written application of G. David Schine for a commission, in fact signed it.

In addition to Sen. McCarthy's name, young Schine's application also listed these people as references:

- Wilbur J. Bender, dean of Harvard College.
- Richard Berlin, president of Hearst newspapers.
- J. Edgar Hoover, director of the FBI.
- George Sokolsky, newspaper columnist.
- Roy M. Cohn, McCarthy subcommittee counsel.

REMINDER

Mr. Welch first reminded Sen. McCarthy that he has testified that he didn't know anything about the application.

Then, theatrically, he pulled the application out from among his other papers.

"Don't tell me I notarized it," said Sen. McCarthy when he saw it.

"No, Senator, you merely signed it," Mr. Welch said.

He said he had two copies and asked whether Sen. McCarthy would like to see the one with his original signature on it, or the duplicate.



—United Press Photo.
 Sen. McCarthy looks in his bag for more ammunition after using some of his "questioning time" to blast the Truman Administration for "five incidents of treason."



Brent H. Rosen

Wash. Post and
Times Herald

Wash. News

Wash. Star

N. Y. Herald Tribune

N. Y. Mirror

Date: 6/16/54

63-98588-22

SEARCHED

--United Press Photo.

Francis P. Carr, on the stand for two days, remained so imperturbable he earned the praise of Democratic Sen. Henry M. Jackson for keeping his temper.

'NOT DEVASTATING'

He told Sen. McCarthy "it is not devastating," but "you happened to be a little inaccurate when you testified you'd never seen it before."

Mr. Welch was expected to question Sen. McCarthy more about the document this afternoon.

Sen. McCarthy got in a free-for-all debate with the three Democratic senators on the hearings subcommittee this morning over the issue of whether Government employees should give classified information to Congress when they believe they have evidence of wrongdoing.

U. S. EMPLOYES

Sen. McCarthy made another demand that the sub-committee state to all Federal employees that it is their duty to inform Congress "of any wrongdoing" and that "no phony stamp of secrecy will keep them from giving us their information."

He added that the sub-committee should also assure employees that their names will be kept secret if they give information.

Sen. McClellan said that if employees give information without violating a security order, their names should be kept secret.

But he said:

"I will not protect people in crime."

MCCLELLAN DISAGREES

Sen. John L. McClellan (D., Ark.) said the sub-committee should be under no obligation to keep secret the name of an employee who gives out a classified document "in violation of law."

Sen. Henry M. Jackson (D., Wash.) entered the debate and repeated this view.

Sen. McCarthy called it "a very unusual statement" and said the Democrats believe "it is a violation of law to report wrongdoing."

"Whenever there is any wrongdoing—any graft, corruption, or treason—the person who reports that to Congress cannot be guilty of any wrongdoing," Sen. McCarthy said.

LITTLE FUTURE

The McCarthy-Army investigation, in its 35th day, had been expected to wind up today. But the length of McCarthy-Democrat wrangles made it more and more

likely that the end would not come until tomorrow.

Sen. Stuart Symington (D., Mo.) demanded today that the Defense Department supply a list showing how many McCarthy staff employees have applied for security clearances. He first brought up the question of whether the staffers have clearances on Monday.

CHARGE

Sen. McCarthy promptly charged that the Missourian was hinting that there are communists on the McCarthy staff.

Today Sen. Symington read a statement insisting that he was "simply asking for information" Monday. But the statement went on to demand that "before the end of the day" the Defense Department supply a complete accounting of requests for clearances by sub-committee staff members.

He asked for an accounting of how many requests had been made and when; how many were approved or denied and when and whether any clearances have been given. He asked that the Defense Department report to the hearings sub-committee in an executive session.

'NO ACCUSATIONS'

"I want it clearly understood," his statement said, "that I am making no accusations whatever. However, I feel that it is important to the nation's security that this requested information be forwarded to this committee before these hearings are terminated."

"... the investigators and other staff members have had and will have access to matters affecting the security of the United States . . ." his statement said.

This landed Sen. Symington in another brief exchange of temper with Sen. McCarthy.

QUESTIONS

After reading his statement, Sen. Symington tried to go on to ask Sen. McCarthy questions on other matters.

Sen. McCarthy accused him of reading a statement prepared by others. Sen. Symington said the statement was his own.

"If you'd take that deputy Junior Senator from Wisconsin, Mr. Cohn, out of your ear," Sen. Symington said, "you could hear me better, Senator."

Army Counsel Welch asked Sen. McCarthy to make the Defense Department's job of answering the Symington request easier by supplying a list of subcommittee employees.

A McCarthy aide went down to

prepare a list, but when he came back he said Sen. McCarthy had to check it over first. The hearing recessed briefly for this check. Sen. McCarthy later said he would supply the names at 1 p.m.

In his questions, Sen. Symington brought up again Sen. McCarthy's receipt of a classified document—the 2½-page so-called FBI letter.

Sen. Symington read a passage from the Espionage Act barring transmission of secret documents to unauthorized persons.

Sen. McCarthy agreed that unau-

Senate Probe Has Little Future

(Continued from Page 4)

thorized persons should not get secret documents but held to his frequently stated position that he is authorized.

Sen. McClellan tangled with Sen. McCarthy further about the FBI document.

Sen. McCarthy recalled angrily Sen. McClellan's statement earlier in the hearing that he might be

guilty of a crime for having received an illegally obtained document. Sen. McCarthy arguing that any committee chairman would have to receive such documents to operate properly, began:

"If the day comes when the Democrats take over the Senate and Sen. McClellan becomes chairman of this committee . . ."

"That won't be long," Sen. McClellan interjected darkly.

Sen. McClellan said all he was trying to do was to clear up whether the law did in fact bar congressmen from receiving such documents so that he could then obey the law or try to change it.

'PRETTY LITTLE SPEECH'

"Didn't you make a pretty little speech here yesterday afternoon about wanting to work this out?" he asked . . . "is it not the best course to work this out thru legal and proper process?"

Sen. McClellan observed drily that if Sen. McCarthy is right in his interpretation of the law his Republican Administration ought to agree.

"Let me make it clear," Sen. McCarthy said — "While I am chairman of this committee I will receive all information on wrong doing and give it to the American people."

"When the Democrats get in, I want to proceed within the law," Sen. McClellan said. (Sen. McClellan is senior Democrat on the sub-committee and would assume chairmanship in the event the Democrats control the Senate.)

'LONG TIME'

Sen. Karl Mundt (R., S. D.) acting sub-committee chairman, closed off the colloquy with the comment that "there will be a long time to debate this before the Democrats get in."

During another round of McClellan questioning, Sen. McCarthy returned to his badgering of Clark Clifford, former adviser to ex-President Truman. He observed with a smile that Sen. McClellan might not be in Mr. Clifford's wing of the Democratic Party.

"Maybe the President of the

United States is not of your wing of your party, I wouldn't know," Sen. McClellan said.

Sen. McClellan's 10 minutes of questioning time ran out before he got very far. "My time gets up about the time I get warmed up," he commented sadly.

'WELCH'

Mr. Welch returned to the 2½-page FBI document.

He drew from Sen. McCarthy an acknowledgement that he was "disturbed" when he received the paper last April. Then Mr. Welch explored the question of why the Senator hadn't let Army Secretary Robert T. Stevens know about the document, which made charges against alleged security risks at Ft. Monmouth, N. J.

"It would have been a simple and let's say a patriotic gesture," Mr. Welch said, "to say to the new Secretary, 'There's something at Monmouth I think you ought to know about.'"

"I have found over the past number of years," Sen. McCarthy rejoined, "it is a great waste of time to try to urge a housecleaning in any department."

He said Army Intelligence had all the information in that FBI memo already, so there was no point in calling it to Mr. Stevens' attention.

In a quick exchange of questions, Sen. Jackson cross-examined Sen. McCarthy as to why he didn't turn the FBI document purporting to be information on communists at Ft. Monmouth, N. J., over to the Army.

This was the document Sen. McCarthy got from "a very disturbed young intelligence officer" whose identity is being sought by the Justice Department.

Sen. Jackson's question brought from McCarthy the charge: "First you want to put me in jail for receiving the information. Then you get so disturbed . . ."

"If I were to get on the phone every time I received information . . . I would be on the phone all day," he said.

October 11, 1954

RECORDED-82

PL. 10/11/2 - 98558-23
Mr. G. David Schine
445 Park Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear David:

I have your letter of October 6, 1954,
and the material which you forwarded as an enclosure
with your letter.

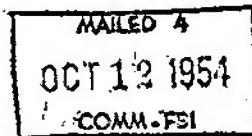
I want you to know that I appreciate
your interest and the motives which prompted you to
call this matter to my attention.

Sincerely,
Edgar

NOTE: Reading Room record indicates last correspondence with
G. David Schine carried salutation "Dear David."

AAA:sjr

Tolson _____
Boardman _____
Nichols _____
Belmont _____
Harbo _____
Mohr _____
Parsons _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Sizoo _____
Winterrowd _____
Tele. Room _____
Holloman _____
Gandy _____



38 OCT 26 1954 12 7

G. DAVID SCHINE
445 PARK AVENUE
NEW YORK 22, NEW YORK

October 6, 1954

b6
b7C

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Rosenblatt	
Mr. Nichols	
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Harbo	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamm	
Mr. Sizoo	
Mr. Winterrowd	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

Dear Edgar:

During the trip Roy and I made to Europe in 1953 for the Investigations Committee, a gentleman approached us in Munich with the claim that he had some shocking information on Communist infiltration in ~~Radio Free Europe~~.

MC 9-1

Within a couple of days, [] and [] special agents of the Counter Intelligence Corps. of the Army visited us to discourage any interest we might have in the gentleman on the grounds that he was a "crackpot peddler."

Meanwhile, we received films from him which supposedly summed up the situation. The Investigations Committee never printed the films. They in the course of time found their way back to my office.

Although I do not even know whether they were the same films that were handed to me in Europe, I asked the office to have them printed. Upon my return to New York from Camp Gordon, Georgia, I was informed by my office that a special micro-film machine is needed to do anything with these films.

I don't know their value as I mentioned above. I am not even certain that they are the same film that were handed to me. With the thought, however, that there is a possibility that they may contain information which could be important to the security of this country, I am forwarding them to you.

With my very best wishes always.

RECORDED-62 62-98598-B

Cordially,

INDEXED-62

David EX-107

Oct 20 1954

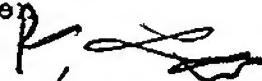
G. David Schine

GDS:cps C

Get to Schine
9/11/54
9/11/54
Get to Rosenblatt to Rosenblatt

5/10/55 \$1

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO : Mr. Rosen

 FROM : Mr. Evans

 SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
 INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: March 24, 1954

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b7c

G.I.R. 9

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 Miss Gandy _____

By airtel 3/22/54, Los Angeles advised that a representative of Region II, 115th Counter Intelligence Corps (CIC) Detachment contacted the Los Angeles Office on that date for information concerning Schine, advising that Region II of CIC had been requested to conduct an investigation of Schine; however, the nature of the investigation was not stated.

Los Angeles furnished no information except the newspaper account of a press interview with Schine appearing in the "Los Angeles Herald Express" on 8/20/53 and a derogatory article appearing in the "Daily Peoples World" (a Communist newspaper) on 9/21/53 referring to Schine's deferment from the draft.

Los Angeles advises it furnished CIC no information concerning the inquiry made of Selective Service Headquarters by former SAC Hood in early 1951 at the Bureau's request.

It would appear that the statement concerning SAC Hood refers to an inquiry as to Schine's Selective Service status at his local board and a contact with the State Director of Selective Service for California which the Director requested as reflected by his memorandum to Mr. Tolson dated 2/3/51, in which he stated that in December, 1950, Schine's father and [redacted] of the Schine Hotels in Florida, had requested him to see whether a deferment of 30 days or more could be obtained for Schine. The Director advised the most he could do would be to inquire and he thereafter caused inquiry to be made at national, state and local levels of the Selective Service System and determined that no deferment would be granted. Schine's father was so advised. (25-0-3693 - attached)

With reference to inquiry currently being made at Los Angeles, it is recalled that Mr. J. J. McGuire took a telephone call 2/24/54 from [redacted] of the Criminal Investigations Division, Military Police, Fort Myer, Virginia, at which time [redacted] advised he had been assigned to do a background investigation on Schine, who had applied for assignment to the Criminal Investigations Division, Military Police. [redacted] wanted to talk to the Director inasmuch as the Director had been given as a character reference by Schine. On February 26, 1954, the Director approved a suggestion by Mr. Nichols that Nichols' Office call [redacted] and advise him the Director was not available for interview but was glad to state he has known Schine.

7369
 Attachments (3)
 RER: mrg/rge 64 NOV 4 1954

RECORDED - 77
 EX. 109

R. J. Tolson

and his father for some time and knows nothing derogatory concerning Schine's character, loyalty or reputation but that from the limited professional contact had with Schine, the Director could not make any observations on the quality of work although Schine appears to be an alert, intelligent young man. Nichols' Office so advised
[redacted] 3/2/54. (62-98588-14 - attached)

ACTION:

None. For information.

MRW

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

FD-36

Mr. Tolson
Mr. B. Clegg
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Tamm
Mr. E. Tamm
Mr. Gandy
Mr. Felt
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Tamm
Mr. E. Tamm
Mr. Gandy
Mr. Felt
Mr. Rosen

AIRTEL

Transmit the following ~~XKXKXKX~~ message to:
FBI, LOS ANGELES

3-22-54

5:20 P.M.

DIRECTOR, FBI

G. DAVID SCHINE, INFO CONCERNING. FOR BUREAU'S INFO, A REPRESENTATIVE OF REGION II, 115TH CIC DETACHMENT, CONTACTED THIS OFFICE TODAY FOR INFO CONCERNING SCHINE, ADVISING REGION II HAS BEEN REQUESTED TO CONDUCT INVESTIGATION OF HIM, EXACT NATURE OF INVESTIGATION NOT KNOWN. ONLY INFO FURNISHED FROM LA FILES WAS ACCOUNT OF PRESS INTERVIEW WITH SCHINE, CHIEF CONSULTANT OF MC CARTHY SUB-COMMITTEE, WHICH APPEARED IN L.A. HERALD EXPRESS AUGUST TWENTY LAST, AND DEROGATORY ARTICLE APPEARING IN DAILY PEOPLE'S WORLD SEPT. TWENTYONE LAST, PAGE TWO, REFERRING TO HIS DRAFT DEFERMENT. NO INFO FURNISHED REGION II RE INQUIRY OF SELECTIVE SERVICE HQTRS. BY FORMER SAC HOOD MADE IN EARLY FIFTYONE AT BUREAU REQUEST.

RECORDED-130

MALONE

62-98588-25

ESB:BMN
25-0-15706

MEMO - Rosen
EVANS - S/H
3-24-54
M

Mr. Rosen

f? Approved: _____
f? 8 NOV 3 Special Agent in Charge

Sent _____ M Per _____

cc: Rosen, Sup.

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO A. H. BelmontFROM S. J. PapichSUBJECT: DAVID SCHINE
Alleged Threat to Sabotage
His PlaneDATE: September 23, 1956

Tolson _____
 Nichols _____
 Boardman _____
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 Mason _____
 Mohr _____
 Parsons _____
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 Tamm _____
 Nease _____
 Winterrowd _____
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 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

SA [redacted] of the New York Office telephonically advised at 4:05 P.M. 9-23-56 that [redacted] a reporter and contact of the New York Office, had furnished the following information to ASAC [redacted]

According to [redacted] she has received a rumor that Dave Schine has been receiving threats, namely that unknown individuals planned to place a bomb in his plane. Abrams stated that she further heard that Schine was under FBI guard. She advised [redacted] that this was all a rumor and that she personally did not place much credence in the story. She stated that she was not in possession of any additional details.

I discussed this matter with [redacted] of the Records and Communications Division and then advised Agent [redacted] that the Bureau was not in possession of any information which in any way relates to [redacted]

Information FURNISHED BY

ACTION: None. For your information.

Ticklers: Belmont
Nichols
Rosen
Papich

SJP/aeh
(5)
all

✓
EX-118
RECORDED 91

62-98588-26

cc SEP 25 1956

25
71 OCT 1 1956

REC'D
FBI - NEW YORK

March 7, 1957

PERSONAL AND
CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. G. David Schine
The Roney Plaza
23rd and Collins Avenue
Miami Beach 4, Florida

Dear David:

I thought you might be interested in reading the attached monograph entitled "Communism Versus the Jewish People." We prepared this monograph originally for the use of our own agents assigned to internal security work. As you will note, the monograph highlights the fundamental differences between communism and the religious, cultural, and political ideals of the Jewish people. It establishes that the communist movement is entirely incompatible with everything the Jewish people stand for traditionally.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely,
Edgar

Enclosure

EX-122

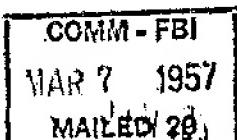
RECORDED-3

REC'D - FILED - INDEXED - SERIALIZED - FILED
T - C - I - S - 62-98517-27

8 MAR 11 1957

cc - Mr. Jones

LBN:nl
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Gandy _____

51 MAR 15 1957



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

November 18, 1957

J.W.
 Tolson _____
 Boardman _____
 Belmont _____
 Mohr _____
 Nease _____
 Parsons _____
 Rosen _____
 Tamm _____
 Trotter _____
 Clayton _____
 Tele. Room _____
 Holloman _____
 Gandy _____

A. Hartnett

b6
b7CMEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

On November 4, 1957, Attorney General Brownell handed it to me the attached memorandum dated April 16, 1954, regarding request of the Attorney General to have report checked to effect a

 might have some information indicating that G. David

⑥ Schine had employed an attorney in California and supplied this attorney with money with which to effect a bribe so as to prevent Schine's induction into the armed services. Attorney General Brownell asked that it be returned to Bureau files as he had no further use of it in view of his leaving the office of Attorney General.

It is suggested that the Records and Communications Division appropriately handle the disposition of this document and that Bureau files reflect such disposition.

Respectfully,

F. C. Holloman

Enclosure
FCH:hbb

RECORDED
~G 62-98588-1
NOV 21 1957

7 K. 11/21/57 J.H.P.

*ENCLOSURE
Set + filed in serial 19
cons 11/21/57 T.K.*

7 NOV 22 1957 7/14



G.L.R.-10

Schine Hotels

120 - 24TH STREET • MIAMI BEACH 39, FLORIDA • PHONE JE 1-6011

EXECUTIVE OFFICES

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Nease
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Trotter
Mr. Clayton
Tele. Room
Mr. Helloman
Miss Gandy

November 19, 1957

Dear Sir:

b6
b7C

Certain material is being forwarded to:
Mr. G. David Schine, c/o The Waldorf Astoria
Towers, New York City, where he used to reside
when visiting New York.

Mr. Schine asked me to request that you
please use the following address from now on:

120 - 24th Street
Miami Beach 39, Florida.

Very truly yours,

charge
special
mailing
list

[Redacted]
[Redacted] FLA.
Secretary to
G. David Schine

Secretary to
Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D.C.

62-188-29

REC'D - 63 INDEXED - 63
B DEC 17 1957

62-188-29
11-21-57

68 DEC 20 1957

THE AMBASSADOR, Los Angeles, California ★ THE RONEY PLAZA, Miami Beach, Florida ★ THE McALLISTER, Miami, Florida
THE GULF STREAM APARTMENTS and COTTAGES, Miami Beach, Florida ★ THE HOTEL NORTHAMPTON and WIGGINS OLD TAVERN, Northampton, Massachusetts

REGIONAL OFFICES:

445 Park Avenue, New York 22, New York ★ 339-17th Street N.W., Washington, D.C. ★ 333 North Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Illinois

GIR 16

RECORDED 7162-98588-36 January 3, 1958

Mr. G. David Schine
120 24th Street
Miami Beach 39, Florida

Dear David:

Upon returning to the office, I wanted to tell you again how much I appreciated the many courtesies which you extended to me during my recent visit to Southern Florida.

The accommodations at the Gulf Stream Apartments were ideal and while the weather was not as good as it usually is, I did get a very fine rest. I am indeed grateful to you for your courtesy in making it possible.

Also, I want to thank you for sending me a copy of "The Grapevine," published for the employees of the Ambassador Hotel. It was most interesting.

With all best wishes to Hillevi and to you for the New Year, I am

Sincerely,

IS/Edgar

AIR MAIL

CT:DSS

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T
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T
NOV 20 1958
SAC-DOJ
WASH. D.C.

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Boardman _____
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Ritter _____
Nylon _____
Le. Room _____
Gillerman _____
Andy _____

SENT FROM D. O.
TIME 5:55 P.M.
DATE 1-3-58
BY fm

MAIL ROOM

76 JAN 4 1958

FROM THE DESK OF
G.D.S.

December 30, 1957

To: Mr. J. Edgar Hoover

Speaking of employee length of service
and our Ambassador Hotel house organ
called The Grapevine, perhaps you
would be interested in our December
issue.

Best wishes.

David

ack
1/3/57

RECORDED - 71

65-98588-30

REO JAN 6 1958

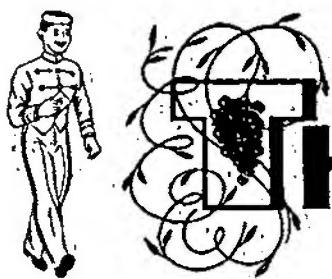
CRIME REC.

ENCLOSURE
71

ENCLOSURE



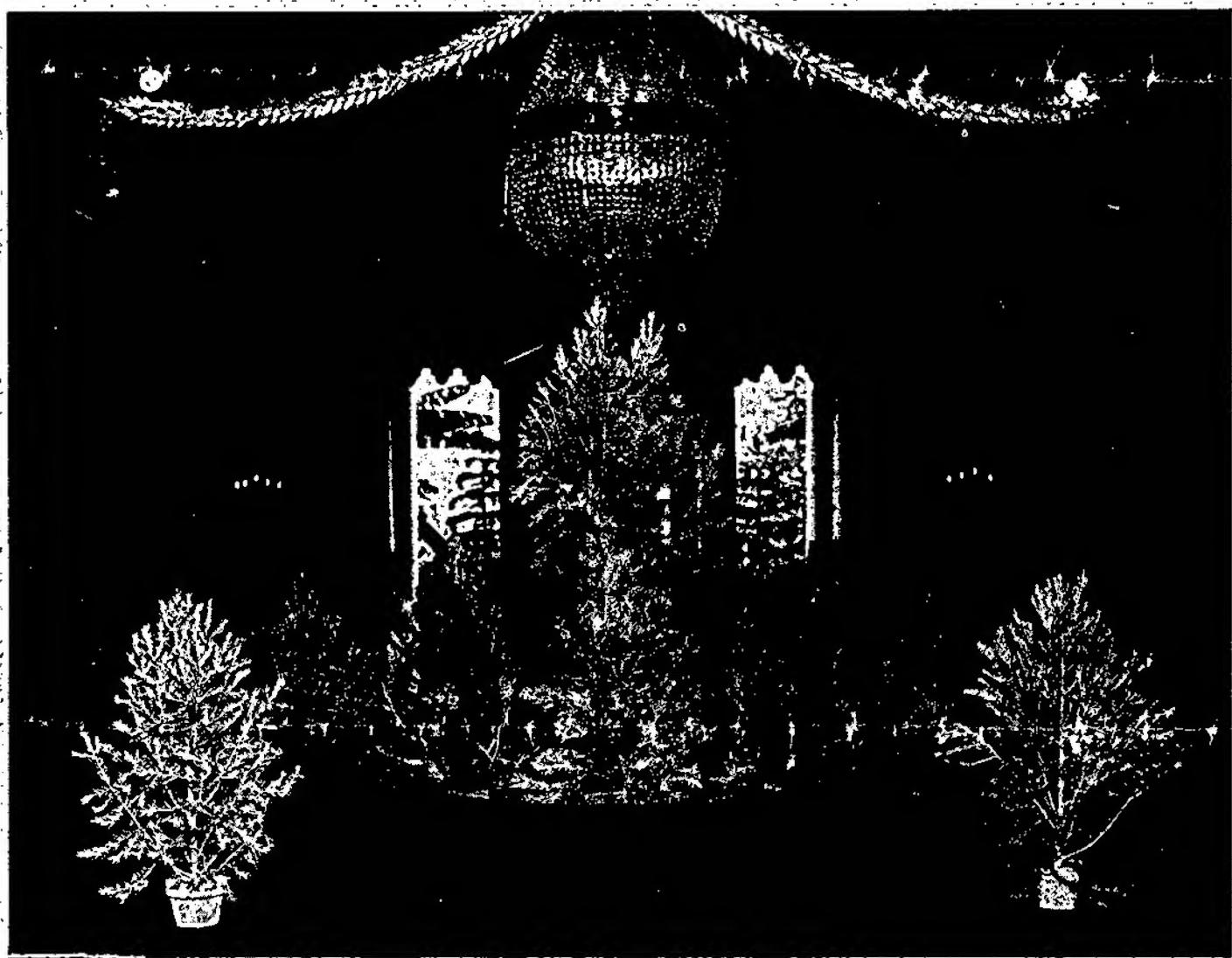
62-98588-30



The Grapevine

PUBLISHED BY AND FOR THE EMPLOYEES, AMBASSADOR HOTEL, LOS ANGELES

DECEMBER, 1957



Dear Friends, Fellow Employees:

Another year has slipped by and again it is a warm and genuine pleasure to express my appreciation for your individual contribution to our achievements this past year.

Our organization is what we, as individuals, make of it and one of the factors that draws patrons to our hotel is the sincere, friendly attitude of our personnel and the earnest desire to be of service. I feel very strongly that our hotel would not have done

nearly as well during this past year had it not been for your loyalty and untiring efforts for which I am very grateful.

From the bottom of my heart, I wish you and your loved ones every good wish for a joyous Christmas and the best of health, happiness and prosperity for the New Year.

PHILIP J. WEBER,
VICE PRESIDENT and
GENERAL MANAGER.

62-98588-3d

G. David Schine Awards Gold Service Pins

See Pages 7, 8 and 9 for Pictures.

Mr. G. David Schine, President of the Schine Enterprises, this week awarded gold service pins to 248 long term employees of the Enterprises's Los Angeles Ambassador Hotel.

Heading the list were the Security Department's Night Watchman Thomas Kenyon, whose 37-year tenure began March 1, 1920, and Karl Haines, Building Superintendent, who came to the Ambassador, November 2, 1920.

Others who received awards for having been with the Ambassador for over 30 years were: Charles Donnelly, Bell Captain, 32 years; Joseph Franscell, Garde Manger, 31; Joseph Ragone, Pastry Chef, 32; William F. Reid, Night Auditor, 34; Thomas Sotelo, Steward, 33; Tomas Sotelo, Steward, 31; and George Von Volkenburgh, Maintenance Department, Truck Driver, 32 years.

Seventeen employees received awards for service of between 25 and 30 years; eight in the 20 to 25-year group; twelve in the 15 to 20 group; sixty-one for from 10 to 15 years of service; and 136 who have been with the hotel for over 5 years.

In presenting the gold pins, replicas of the Schine Enterprise emblem with the number of years service in the center, Mr. Schine informally spoke on the plans for enlarging the Ambassador and increasing its facilities. He also stated, "But physical improvement is not enough. To have a superior product we must have a superior staff. It is only through your continued loyalty, efficiency, creative thinking and



Everyone's Proud of the Service Pins

From left, Philip J. Weber, General Manager, and G. David Schine, President of the Schine Enterprises.

hard work that we can out-shine our competition. Only through continuity of employment over many many years, can we achieve the kind of teamwork which makes the Ambassador a great hotel operation.

"We, of Schine Enterprises, are extremely grateful to you for your many wonderful contributions of the past years toward the creation of a better and better Ambassador Hotel. We are placing our trust in you to be our partner in the future progress of The Ambassador Hotel . . ."

After the presentation of awards, the employees were Mr. Schine's guests at a lovely dessert buffet and coffee.

Congratulations to Our Ambassador Employees For Their Loyal and Efficient Service...

35-40 YEARS SERVICE

Thomas Keyon, Karl Haines.

30-35 YEARS SERVICE

Charles Donnelly, Joseph Franscell, Joseph Ragone, William F. Reid, Tomas Sotelo, G. Van Volkenburgh, John Casey, Thomas Sotelo.

25-30 YEARS SERVICE

Rudolph Bosquet, Michael Chumo, Pablo Guerrero, George Janatsch, Harry S. Jenkinson, Tod Jones, Francisco Mati, Rafael Mendez, Nick Mitchell, Madeline Rooney, Felix Salomon, Seth Shahan, Mike Shahbaghlian, Harry Smith, Wilfrid Smith, Paul Snipes, Vera Walker.

20-25 YEARS SERVICE

Augustus Brown, Judy Oliver, Helen Wolff, Richard Cubage, Gus Fallis, Alfred Sobreira, Robert Lujan, John Moore, Eldon Smith, and D. C. Davis, Jr.

15-20 YEARS SERVICE

Gerda Adair, Frank Buscarino, Louis De La Cruz, William Miller, Leo Morguloff, James Schnitzer, Arthur Stratton, Max Weick, Salvador Zepeda, Mary Henze, Peter Imfeld, John Kvediatis, Robert Webster, and Helena Roussel.

10-15 YEARS SERVICE

Alfonso Borquez, Emma Battack, Eugene Bissinger, Howard Clarke, Paul Combs, Reyes Cota, George Cowley, Harry Day, Walter Dear, Humberto Fernandez, Irene Foster, Francisco Francia, Mary Fritch, Alexander Gordachuck, John Grisetti.

Thomas Haag, William Harris, Nettie Hartley, Daisy Henrikson, Mabel Hofer, Walter Huff, Nellie Mansfield, Vivian Oblinger, Mae Tibbets, George Toolen, Paul Waguepack, Sula Webb, Lula Kist, Viola Lindsey, Glenn Lowery.

May McHugh, Josephine Marine, Edgar Meyer, Nazario Montoya, Nelle O'Brien, Luella Parker, Floyd Williams, Harriet Doody, Manuel Granados, Paul Persic, Jose Ramirez, Nellie Wight, Iva Peterson, George Romero, Marie James, James Rychly, Frank Sell, Harriett Souton, Carl Walter, Henry Estrella, John Hallsworth, Thurman Holcomb, Eileen Lieberman, Emily Lindsey, Cecil Morrow, Steve Pavlic, Derven Rygmyr, David Waguepack, Evelyn Wood, Armando Costales, Al Ziegler, William Frank, Ted O'Neill, and Arthur Nyhagen.

(Continued on Page 10)

\$uggestion Award\$

To avoid the unauthorized handling of food in the employee's Cafeteria, Emma Rodriguez' suggestion that a swinging door be installed near the refrigerator won her the top suggestion award of \$15.00. Emma, who works in the cafeteria, points out that such a door would also prevent unauthorized persons using the area where food is served.

Second place winner, Harry F. Miller, Auditing Department, pockets \$10.00 for his suggestion that the tasty dish baked prime rib bones be added to our menus. YUMMY!

Addie Fisk, Cashier - Checker, suggests that carriers and tubes be identified by departments so that they can be returned promptly to the proper sections. This will not only eliminate shortage of carriers in a particular department, but will expedite making charges. Addie has a brand new \$5.00 bill.

Let us have your ideas.



Ray Carroll, Personnel Manager, awards Emma Rodriguez top prize for suggestion.



Miller, second place winner



Fisk, third place winner



George Cowley



Nelle O'Brien

O'Brien and Cowley Receive Special Awards for Service

Nelle O'Brien

After ten years service, Nelle O'Brien resigned last month as Treasurer of the Ambassador Mutual Benefit Association.

Mrs. O'Brien was a founder of our Association, whose purpose is to maintain and conduct a non-profit benefit and relief program for member employees of the Ambassador.

Mrs. O'Brien has given freely of her time on the behalf of each and every employee in protecting and disbursing funds of the Association. Through her untiring efforts, she has provided for the relief of members, who through sickness or other infirmity became unable to pursue their employment with the Ambassador.

Without fanfare, without compensation, but with a smile and an eager helping hand, Nelle O'Brien has promoted the health, welfare and physical well-being of the employees of our Hotel.

* * * *

George Cowley

The pleasant fact that the Ambassador Hotel had sixty less lost man days due to on-the-job accidents in 1957 than in 1956 is not the result of the whirling gears of a computer. It is the result of the outstanding work that George Cowley, Assistant Building Superintendent, has done this year in preventing accidents.

Realizing that injuries place an unjustified drain on the cost of operations, aside from the pain and suffering of the injured, Cowley, a member of our Safety Committee, has made it his business to find and correct unsafe conditions and unsafe practices. His object has been to save pain, save property and save money. He has investigated, analyzed and cured. He has motivated his fellow employees to become safety conscious.

To enjoy fewer accidents and boast a 60-day decrease in lost man days, the following are typical of his day-to-day accomplishments during the year

- Install safety treads on stairways.
- Install flasher lights and stop signs in driveways.
- Repair duct boards in Kitchen.
- Install inside door latches in cold storage rooms.
- Repair cushioning and serving stations in the coffee shop.
- Install railings at emergency exits.
- Provide shelving in Commissary.
- Replace sharp edged channels on washing machine in Laundry.
- Cover hot pipes in Laundry.
- Remove exposed electric wires.
- Keep walking areas clear of mops, brooms, water and equipment.

Nice Things People Are Saying About You . . .

THE GRAPEVINE

Ambassador Hotel . . . Los Angeles

RESOLUTION

The Active members of the Chapters of Districts II and III of Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity, assembled in the Seventh Annual Conclave of the Districts at the Ambassador Hotel in Los Angeles, California, believing that this has been the finest Conclave in the

history of the Districts and of inestimable educational and professional value, and desiring to express their appreciation of the efforts which have combined to produce this Conclave, hereby make the following resolution and request the District Clerk to distribute copies thereof:

CALIFORNIA MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

FOUR FIFTY SUTTER * * SAN FRANCISCO 8, CALIFORNIA * * DOuglas 2-0062

Mr. John Henne,
Western Sales Mgr., Schine Hotels
Ambassador Hotel
Los Angeles, California

Dear John:

I should like to take this opportunity to express our appreciation to you and to the staff of the Ambassador Hotel for the wonderful cooperation and assistance given us during the period of our recent convention.

The meeting could not have possibly been such a success without this willingness to cooperate and assist on the part of the Ambassador's personnel.

It is difficult to single out any particular department within the hotel since all deserve a share in the credit.

We are looking forward to returning to the Ambassador for our meeting next year.

Will you please extend my best wishes to all departments.

Sincerely yours,
Robert L. Thomas
Assistant Executive Secretary

RLT:sc

... We All Have A Right To Be Proud

BE IT RESOLVED, That the Active Chapters of Districts II and III, assembled in their Seventh Annual Conclave, thank the Ambassador Hotel and its staff for the courteous hospitality and efficient service afforded to the Conclave delegates, and commend the convenience of the hotel and the

beauty of its grounds to the consideration of future Conclaves as an ideal place to gather.

(The above resolution was passed at the Seventh Annual Conclave of Districts II and III held by Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity.)

SERRA INTERNATIONAL
38 SOUTH DEARBORN STREET * * CHICAGO 3, ILLINOIS * * STATE 2-6439
Kansas City, Missouri

Mr. Philip J. Weber,
Vice President and General Manager
The Ambassador Hotel,
3400 Wilshire Blvd.,
Los Angeles, California

Dear Mr. Weber:

The Serra Convention is over, but the quality of the Convention and the accomplishments will remain for many many years. While it is true we had an excellent program projected, nevertheless it would not have been accepted if the facilities of the hotel did not lend themselves to the spirit of the Convention. I have nothing but praise for both the management and the employees of the hotel for the skillful, careful and fine manner in which the needs of our people were looked after.

You made us feel at home and we all left Los Angeles with a feeling of a visit that was all too short, but one which we hope we can renew again at your hotel in the foreseeable future.

May I also thank you for the courtesies which you kindly extended to me and my family.

With personal regards, I am,

Sincerely yours,
Norman P. Gordon
Past President

NPG:ind

etc.

During the fall months, JOHN HENNE, Director of Sales, took a business trip to the East to call on many of our contacts in that area and to attend the Distinguished Hotels Sales Managers Meeting in Baltimore, Maryland, and the Hotel Sales Managers Association Meeting in Washington, D.C.

* * *

ED KING, Sales Manager, was off with the Boy Scouts again. He took the La Canada troop on a camp out to San Juan Capistrano. Sleeping on the ground does not get easier with the years. He still has a kink in his back from his experience.

* * *

We are happy to welcome ED WEBER, Sales Executive, to our Ambassador Hotel. He comes to us from the Palmer House in Chicago where he had experience in the hotel sales field which will prove a valuable asset in convention selling.

* * *

This fall BILL MILLER, Assistant Sales Manager, was off to San Francisco again calling on our many contacts in that area.

*Don Sutherland,
Chief Accountant,
Gets High Honor*



Don Sutherland

Don Sutherland, Chief Accountant of The Ambassador since March, 1954, has been elected President of the Southern Califor-



Officials Of The Mutual Benefit Association

Left to right, seated: Nelle O'Brien, retiring Treasurer; Don Sutherland, retiring President; Marie James, retiring Vice-President; Bob Parker, Treasurer; Frances Tunison, Laundry Director. Standing: Pablo Guerrero, Steward Director; Tommy Reynolds, Housekeeping Director; Bill Schwartz, Vice-President; Armando Costales, President; Joe Mack, Beverage Director; Bill Fry, Food Service Director; Dorothy Lavoie, Accounting Director.

Announce Election Results Of Mutual Benefit Officers

The results of the recent election to provide officers and members of the Board of Directors of the Mutual Benefit Association for 1958 are as follows:

OFFICERS

President... Armando Costales
Vice President... Bill Schwartz
Treasurer Bob Parker
Secretary Helen Stanley

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Front Office..... John Brady	Kitchen Caesar Morello
Beverage Joe Mack	Accounting ... Dorothy Lavoie
Steward Pablo Guerrero	Housekeeping Tommy Reynolds
Food Service William Fry	Laundry & Valet....
..... Frances Tunison	
Sales & Advertising... Ed King	
Maintenance Bill Miller	
At Large Don Dean	

AMBASSADOR MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION

November, 1956 to
October, 1957, Incl.

Assessments.....	\$3,311.50
Payments on Loans	385.00
Interest	9.00
	\$3,705.50
Claims Paid	\$4,037.68
Death Claims	300.00
	4,337.68
Deficit over Income	(\$ 632.18)
Raffle Receipts	\$4,223.70
Raffle Expense	725.15
Profit	\$3,498.55
Bank Balance 10/31/57	\$6,547.93
Coupon on Bonds	250.00
Accounts Receivable	1,184.50
Claim Paid Nov. 1st to Nov. 19th	350.00
Cash on hand Nov. 20th	\$7,631.93
Notes	115.00
Bond	5,000.00
Total Assets	\$12,746.93

nia Accountants Association.

The Association has been in existence for seven years, and is one of twenty regional associations which form the National Accountants Association.

Sutherland is also a member of the National Board of Governors.



Top row, left to right, John Hass, Frank Urretia, Oke Rosengren, Philip Porter, Lloyd Rawley, Leo Schwartz, Ernest Satori, Harmon Shultz, Sam Schulman, Adrian Torres, Emilio Torres, Thomas Stenger, Shiraj Uddin.

Bottom row, Madelyn Wolff, Wanda Parkhurst, Frances Tunison, Sarah Miller, Lola Murphy, Jean Lambertson, Helen Stanley, G. David Schine.

THE GRAPEVINE

September, 1957

Published By and For
The Employees

AMBASSADOR HOTEL
3400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD
LOS ANGELES 5, CALIFORNIA
DU. 7-7011

Editor.....RAY CARROLL

Associate Editors

DONN HORNUNG
MARY HENZE
FRED JOHNSON
PAUL LA CIVITA
FRANCES RIEGEL
ELAINE TREISTER

'It Pays to be Honest' Says Jerry Morreale

"Jerry Morreale," Sun Club waiter, found and turned in to the Lost and Found Department an expensive diamond and pearl ring.

Not being claimed after the usual waiting period, the Hotel awarded the ring to Jerry, along with commendation.

Welcome, John Sheehan

We were happy to receive the announcement that Mr. John Sheehan has rejoined our organization as Assistant to the Vice President in charge of the promotion and sale of catering parties and food and beverage functions for all divisions of our operation.

'Hot Shots' Bowling Team Wins Trophy for Top Score

The Summer Bowling League closed out with great success as the Ambassador "Hot Shots" won a big beautiful trophy for having the highest scoring team.

Champions of this team included Carolyn Rutstein, Sales Department; Joan Karchem, Maitre'd; Ed Black, Electrician; Jim Logsdon, Sales Department, and Mike Hayes, formerly of the Electricians' Department.

The trophy is presently on display in Mr. Carlsen's office for all to see. Bob Webster, Electrician, contributed to the championship by winning a trophy for men's high series with a score of 584. In the women's department, Carol Halvorsen won the high series, and Dorothy Lavoie won the high game trophy.

Jim Logsdon, Past President of the Summer League, was re-elected President of the Winter League. Alex Simrak of the Beverly Hilton is Vice-President, and Gladys Logsdon, also of the Beverly Hilton, is Secretary-Treasurer.

The scoring is highly competitive with Bill Smith, Art Falk, Ed Black, and Jim Logsdon heading the list. Logsdon is currently leading these with 237 as high score for the season. All kibitzers are more than welcome to come down to the West Pico Bowl, located at 6081 W. Pico boulevard, and keep up the morale of the Ambassador "Hot Shots."



Bowling League

Left to right, standing: Art Falk, Al Schrier, Frank Rederford, Marvin Byas, Fred Johnson, Ed Black, Bob Martinez, Ralph Riggs. Kneeling: Bill Smith, Magee Wodden, Doris Smith, Agnes Haines, Margaret Hutton, Lou LaSater, Irene Waterhouse, Jim Logsdon.



Top row, left to right, Frank Buscarino, William Miller, Leo Morguloff, John Kvedaitis.
Bottom row, Mary Henze, Gerda Adair, G. David Schine, Louis De La Cruz, Arthur Stratton.



Left to right, G. Van Volkenburgh, Charles Donnelly, Joseph Franscell, G. David Schine, Joe Ragone, William F. Reid, Thomas Sotello.



Top row, left to right, Alfonso Borquez, Nellie Mansfield, Howard Clarke, Eugene Bissinger, George Cowley, Maye McHugh, Paul Combs, Walter Huff, Harry Day, Glen Lowrey, Thurman Holcomb.
Bottom row, John Grisetti, Sula Webb, Nelle O'Brien, Daisy Henrikson, Irene Foster, Lola Kist, Viola Lindsey, Nellie Wright, G. David Schine.



Top row, left to right, Tod Jones, Harry S. Jenkinson, Rudy Bosquet, Michael Chumo, Felix Salomon, Harry Smith.
Bottom row, Pablo Guererro, Nick Mitchell, G. David Schine, George Janatsch, Frisco Mari, Mike Shahbaghlian.



Top row, left to right, Armando Costales, David Wagquespack, James Rychly, Melvin Monheit, Cecil Morrow, Darven Rygmyr, Alex Ralli, Henry Estrella, Nazario Montoya.

Bottom row, Harriet Souton, Harriet Doody, Marie James, Evelyn Wood, Luella Parker, Emiley Lindsey, G. David Schine.



Top row, left to right, Marcel De La Brosse, Arthur Falk, Don Dean, Ralph Abrego, John Brady, Fructuoso de Carvalho, V. Doklestic, Bessie Gatson.

Bottom row, Ralph Fuller, Chris Brown, Gwen Belas, Gussie Callahan, Elizabeth Barrett, Theodora Chavez, Ethel Brownell, Maggie Corral, Elizabeth Dix Hopkins, Ruth Geiger, G. David Schine.



Left to right; Augustus Brown, Richard Cubage, Judy Oliver, G. David Schine, Helen Wolff, Robert Lujan, Alfred Sobreira.



Top row, left to right, Feofan Konovaloff, Harry Kerman, Fred Johnson, Ernest Helms, Rudy Lang, George Goad, Gordon MacDonald, Al Julian, George Lappas, Karl Lafian, Cecile Lytle, Benjamin Morello, Francisco Martinez, G. David Schine.

Bottom row, Leonard Maese, Eva Guseman, Martha Knudsen, Margaret Hendricks, Ina Kiles, Kathryn Kutulas, Dorothy Lavoie.





HOME OF THE WORLD FAMOUS
Coconut Grove

The Ambassador

3400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD • LOS ANGELES 5, CALIFORNIA • PHONE DU. 7-7011
Executive Office

December 15, 1957

Mr. G. David Schine, President
Schine Enterprises
350 Fifth Avenue
New York 22, New York

Dear Mr. Schine:

At the request of the employees of the Los Angeles Ambassador Hotel, I am writing to convey to you their appreciation for the recognition given its 248 members of the Staff who have served the Hotel for over five years.

The Service Pins that have illuminated the Hotel for the past several days are proof that an air of family-warmth, never so present before, prevails at The Ambassador.

It is gratifying and inspiring to see our employees honored for long and loyal service to this establishment in which we all take such great personal pride.

Sincerely,

Ray Carroll,

Personnel Manager.

Executive Offices, Schine Hotels — 445 Park Avenue, New York 22, N.Y.
The Ambassador, Los Angeles, California * The Roney Plaza, Miami Beach, Florida
The McAlister, Miami, Florida * The Gulf Stream Apts & Cottages, Miami Beach, Florida
The Hotel Northhampton and Wiggins Old Tavern, Northhampton, Massachusetts
The Queensbury Hotel, Glen Falls, New York

Congratulations to Our Ambassador Employees

(Continued from Page 2)

5-10 YEARS SERVICE

Ralph Abrego, Lucille Adams, Carmen Anderson, Nora Baker, Gwen Belas, Nellie Bevier, John P. Brady, Christine Brown, Harold Brown, Velma Brown, Jean Brownell, Ruby Bshears, Elizabeth Burnett, Ivan Bykoff, Leo Cadoret, Gussie Callahan, Robert Cameron, Theodora Chavez, Walter Clissold, Maggie Corral, Mary Couzens, Elizabeth Cross.

Edward Davies, Donald Dean, Fructuoso De Carvalho, Johannes De Haas, Marcel De La Brosse, Lucille Devine, Willard Dill, Andrew Divyak, Elizabeth Dix Hopkins, Vera Dohr, Vladislav Doklestic, Margaret Doncaster, Arthur Falk, Addie Fisk, Betty Fisk, Helen Dopp, Abraham Foreman, Willie Franklin, Cecile Frederick, Ralph Fuller.

Teodulo Gallegos, Bessie Gatson, Ruth Geiger, George Goad, Manual Gonzales, Hiram Gordon, Albert Gould, Evis Guseman, Helen Harris, Orin Hayne, Ernest Heim, Margaret Hendricks, Jess Halliday, Irene Hood, Thomas Hutchinson, Frederick Johnson, Venour Johnson, Walter Johnson, Margaret Joyce, Joseph Julian, Dorothea Kennedy, Michael Kerepesi,

Harry Keman, Ina Mae Kiles, Martha Knudsen, Feofan Konovaloff, Catherine Kutulas.

Karl Laffan, Rudolph Lang, William Lappas, Dorothy Lavole, Frances Lee, Josephine Linden, Timothy Loktionow, Cecil Lytle, Howard Lytle, DeLima Mac Roberts, Gordon MacDonald, Leonard Maese, Andrew Mandich, Marco Malatesta, Jack Martin, Francisco Martinez, Leo Martinez, Nicholas Mercado, George Miller, Harry Miller, Bennie Morello, Sarah Miller, Bernard Murphy, Lola Murphy, Benny Mysorski, Margaret Neff, Raymond Parker.

Wanda Parkhurst, Philip Porter, Donald Prockter, Alex Ralli, Lloyd Rawley, Robert Roddy, Ernest Rodriguez, Juan Rodriguez, Rosario Rodriguez, Paul Romich, Oke Rosengren, Ernest Sartore, Frank Schall, Helen Schablon, Sam Schulman, Leo Schwartz, Mittie Seeman, Paul Shahan, Harmon Shultz, Jesse Stahl, David Stalzer, William Stamps, Helen Stanley, Alex Stefan, Thomas Stenger, Jeanie Lambertson.

Johnnie Thompson, Henry Taylor, Adrian Torres, Emilio Torres, Frances Tunison, Shiraj Uddin, Frank Urretia, Grace Galt, Charles Van Pelt, Mary Wickham, Clara Brede, George Wada, Madelyn Wolff, Albino Zanga, Charlie Robbins.

November 3, 1958

PERSONAL

Vice President and General
Manager of Schine Hotels
McAllister Hotel
10 Biscayne Boulevard
Miami, Florida

Dear [redacted]

Your excellent cooperation in connection with arrangements for the FBI National Academy graduates luncheon on October 29, 1958, has been brought to my attention, and I could not let this opportunity pass without telling you how grateful I am.

I have heard many comments from those who attended this function about how much they enjoyed it, the attractiveness of the Ocean Lounge and the fine food. You may be sure all of us in the FBI deeply appreciate your interest in making this affair successful.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

COMM - FBI
NOV 3 1958
MAILED 20

1 - Miami

NOTE: [redacted] is not identifiable in Bufiles.

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G. DAVID SCHINE
PRESIDENT

SCHINE ENTERPRISES

EXECUTIVE OFFICES - THREE SEVENTY-FIVE PARK AVENUE - NEW YORK CITY - MURRAY HILL 8-0100

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	
Mr. Nease	
Mr. Parsons	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Tamu	
Mr. Trotter	
Mr. W.C. Sall	
Tele. Room	
Mr. Holloman	
Miss Gandy	

✓

PP 9-1

November 10, 1958

Dear Edgar:

You were certainly very kind to take time out to write me about the recent luncheon at our Roney Plaza Hotel for the FBI National Academy graduates. Believe me it was our pleasure and privilege to hold this function at the Roney. I am most delighted that the staff handled this job satisfactorily.

I hope you can soon get away for a vacation at the Gulf Stream. Hillevi and I will look forward to seeing you there.

With warmest regards,

DAVID SCHINE
David
G. David (Schine)
G. DAVID SCHINE

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
United States Department of Justice
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington 25, D. C.

REG-8

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EX-102

[Signature]

SEARCHED 11/10/58 PGS

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FILE & FILE
LETTER TO
SCHINE PREVIOUSLY

Mrs. David Hiller and David Schine

X~~RECORDED~~ announce the arrival of a daughter

[redacted]

on Wednesday, the [redacted]

[redacted] REC-24 62-98588-34

Los Angeles Ambassador Hotel

EX 105 SEP 10 1959

57 SEP 15 1959

REC-14
62-1951-35
EN-117

January 12, 1960

Mr. G. David Schine
President
Schine Enterprises, Inc.
120 24th Street
Miami Beach 39, Florida

Dear Dave:

Many thanks for your letter of January 5, 1960, with enclosure, regarding your distribution of "Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality." You were indeed kind to make a copy of your cover letter available to me, and I want you to know how much I appreciate your efforts on behalf of the FBI.

My best wishes to Hillevi and you, and although I do not know when it will be, I am looking forward to my next visit to the land of sunshine.

Sincerely,

EDGAR

JAN 12 1960
REC'D-READING ROOM
FBI



NOTE: Mr. Schine is on the Special Correspondents' List. Address
is being forwarded.

WLD:cfn

(3) FBI

REC'D JAN 12 1960

Tolson _____
Mohr _____
Persons _____
Belmont _____
Callahan _____
DeLoach _____
Malone _____
McGuire _____
Rosen _____
Tamm _____
Trotter _____
W.C. Sullivan _____
Tele. Room _____
Gandy _____

JAN 12 1960 (1) TELETYPE UNIT

G. DAVID SCHINE
120 24TH STREET
MIAMI BEACH 39, FLORIDA

✓
Mr. T. Isom
Mr. M. Hy...
Mr. Parsons
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Callahan
Mr. D. [initials]
Mr. Malott
Mr. M. Guire
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. T. [initials]
Mr. W.C. Sullivan
Tele. Room
January 5, 1960 Andy

Dear Edgar,

The fifteen hundred copies of the pamphlet "Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality" have arrived and will be disseminated to each and every member of the ~~Young Presidents Organization~~ within the next two weeks.

115.

The attached is a copy of the covering letter which I propose to send. I am most enthused over the important results which the maximum distribution of this document can achieve.

Hillevi and I hope that you will return to Florida soon and soak up some more of the Gulf Stream sun and surf.

Meanwhile, with our warmest wishes to you.

Cordially,

David

SCHINE

REC-14

The Honorable J. Edgar Hoover,
4936 - 13th Place N. W.,
Washington 8, D. C.

62-98588-35

13 JAN 13 1960

Rec'd on
1/2/60 S.C.L.
WWD J.H.

ENCLOSURE

8-160



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b7C

SCHINE ENTERPRISES, INC.

ONE TWENTY TWENTY-FOURTH STREET • MIAMI BEACH 39, FLORIDA • JEFFERSON 1-6011

G. DAVID SCHINE
PRESIDENT

January 5, 1960.

Dear [redacted]

Recently, Mr. J. Edgar Hoover prepared an article for members of the National Strategy Seminar held in Washington, D. C. during July, 1959. It is a most excellent summary on the subject of communism and democracy.

With Mr. Hoover's permission, I am forwarding to you a copy of "Communist Illusion and Democratic Reality". Read this compelling document. You owe it to yourself, your family, and your country.

Nothing could be truer than Mr. Hoover's conclusion that the mortal challenge of communism must be met at the local level. It is on our shoulders to carry out this program. May I suggest that each of us reprint this article and place it into the hands of all of our executives and employees.

With my sincerest thanks to you for your attention to this matter and with every good wish to you.

Cordially,



62-98588 - 35

NEW YORK OFFICES • THREE SEVENTY-FIVE PARK AVENUE • NEW YORK CITY • MURRAY HILL 8-0110

ENCLOSURE

COPY

b6
b7C

LEWIS & THOS. SALTZ, Inc.

1409 G STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C.

EXECUTIVE 3-4345

January 26, 1960

Mr. G. David Schine
Schine Enterprises
120 24th Street
Miami Beach 30, Florida

Dear Dave:

Thanks ever so much for the article prepared by J. Ed, Mr. ROYAL COMMUNIST ILLUSION AND DISMANTLING DEMOCRATIC REFORM. I have read it thoroughly and am passing it on to all 12 of our department heads so that they also may be aware of this serious and frightening problem that we face in this country.

The next time you are in Washington please drop in for a visit. It is always a pleasure to see you.

REC-92

62-98588-36

Most cordially,

EB 1 1960

[Redacted]

Mr. G. David Schine

RES:ES

RECEIVED
FEB 4 1960

COMMITTEE REC

DO-6
OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

July 16, 1964

The attached copy of an anonymous letter to the Attorney General was sent to the Director from New York, New York.

✓
ANYONYMOUS COMMUNICATIONS
KEEP ENVELOPES ATTACHED
crit

Ans
MR. TOLSON ✓
MR. BELMONT ✓
MR. MOHR _____
MR. CASPER _____
MR. CALLAHAN _____
MR. CONRAD _____
MR. DELACH _____
MR. EVAN _____
MR. FOLE _____
MR. ROSEN _____
MR. SULLIVAN _____
MR. STVEL _____
MR. TROTTER _____
MR. JONES _____
TELE. ROOM _____
MISS HOLMES _____
MRS. METCALF _____
MISS GANDY _____

p 2

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REC-103

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3 JUL 21 1964

✓ 257

ENCLOSURE

JUL 24 1964

June 15, 1964

YOU WILL FIND THIS LETTER TO MR. KENNEDY WORTH READING

Honorable Robert F. Kennedy
Attorney-General of the United States
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Kennedy:

From the contents of this letter it is obvious why I cannot sign my name and identify myself.

1. I am employed by Schine Enterprises, Inc., with offices located in the Seagram Building, 375 Park Avenue, New York City. *N.Y.*
2. The Company's other office is located in Gloversville, New York, with a further office in Miami, Florida (the Roney-Plaza Hotel). *J. M. Schine*
3. The Company is run by Mr. J. Meyer Schine and his two sons (G. David Schine of Roy Cohn fame and) *N.Y.*
4. None of these men, or their families, have paid proper income taxes.
 - (a) Mr. J. M. Schine has taken out of the Company better than \$1,000,000 in loans, or debts, or expenses. He has no resources to pay it back. It is not a loan or expense, but income.
 - (b) The two sons have taken out about \$50,000 each, in the same way.
 - (c) Mrs. J. M. Schine has had about \$250,000 paid to her and not reported as income.
 - (d) The sister-in-law has received about \$200,000 the same way.
 - (e) A daughter who did no work for the Company was paid a salary for many years, and this was deducted by the Company as an expense.
 - (f) There is a question for New York State about the residence of the two sons.

In short, the whole situation, complicated and involved with many sub-companies, should be looked into, audited and checked. You are going

62-98587-37

to be surprised at what you find and how much funny business goes on and what is owed the United States Government and the State of New York over the years.

DISGRUNTLED

CC: Assistant Attorney-General, Tax Division
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Commissioner of Internal Revenue
Treasury Department
Washington, D. C.

District Director of Internal Revenue
120 Church Street
New York, New York 10007

Honorable Robert Morgenthau
United States Attorney
Federal Building
New York City, New York

District Director of Internal Revenue
Albany, New York 12210

District Director of Internal Revenue
Jacksonville, Florida 32201

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

New York State Income Tax Bureau
Gov. A. E. Smith State Office Building
Albany 1, New York

New York State Income Tax Bureau
80 Centre Street
New York 13; New York



Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

Los Angeles, California
July 5, 1962

Mr. Tolson	✓
Mr. Belmont	
Mr. Mohr	✓
Mr. Callahan	
Mr. Conrad	
Mr. DeLoach	✓
Mr. Evans	
Mr. Malone	
Mr. Rosen	
Mr. Sullivan	
Mr. Tavel	
Mr. Trotter	
Tel. Room	
Miss Holmes	
Miss Gandy	

Mr. Clyde A. Tolson
Associate Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Tolson:

It has just come to my attention that the Attorney General is scheduled to address the 42nd convention of the National Insurance Association in Los Angeles on July 26, 1962.

According to a Chicago news item, the National Insurance Association is comprised of the chief executive officers of 50 Negro-owned life insurance companies.

While I felt sure that you would be aware of the fact that the Attorney General is apparently scheduled to be in Los Angeles at that time, I thought it would be well to mention this to you.

On recent visits of the Attorney General to Los Angeles he has stayed at the Beverly Hills Hotel. You will recall that this is the hotel located on Sunset Boulevard in Beverly Hills.

Walter Winchell continues to be a regular guest at the Ambassador Hotel. He still occupies the same cottage as last year. He has been in and out of town, but will remain in Los Angeles most of the time when the filming of "The Untouchables" resumes within the next several weeks.

It appears that David Schine and his father, J. Meyer Schine, will be staying at the Ambassador Hotel sometime later this summer. Their plans are not definitely known to date.

I thought the above items might be of possible interest.

With my kindest regards to Mr. Hoover and you,

Sincerely,

Bee Simon
W. G. SIMON

162-98588
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149 JU 11 1962
5 JUL 10 1952

56 JUL 18 1962

JUL 21 1962

JUL 21 1962

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ORIGINAL FILE IN

1 - [REDACTED] Hannall

1 - [REDACTED]

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SAC, Chicago

4/9/65

Director, FBI

62-98588-38
~~113-7-210~~

MILITARY AND NAVAL MATTERS - CUBA

Copy of Los Angeles letter 3/29/65 captioned "G. David Schine, Information Concerning" is enclosed for Chicago.

Bufiles contain no record of [REDACTED] and Chicago should promptly contact him for complete details concerning the allegation that North Koreans trained as guerrillas in Cuba have infiltrated the U.S. through Key West, Florida, and have been seen on the streets of Key West in the recent past. It is realized that such an allegation is most difficult to believe but at the same time no such allegation should be allowed to go unchallenged as long as there is a possibility that some semblance of truth is involved.

In the event Mr. Fiscus denies making any statements along the lines attributed to him, Chicago should instruct Los Angeles to immediately contact [REDACTED] to obtain the firsthand version of the data attributed to [REDACTED]. Any positive information developed during the interviews must be incorporated in a memorandum suitable for dissemination with nine copies being provided the Bureau.

In the future, Los Angeles should be certain that information of this type indicating that enemy forces have infiltrated the U.S. is not furnished to another office in a routine manner for informational purposes and that a positive approach to resolve such an allegation is taken at the outset.

Enclosure

2 - Los Angeles
1 - Miami

① - 62-98588(G. David Schine)
RAM:vms
(9)

SEE NOTE ON PAGE 2

DUPLICATE YELLOW C 12
66 APR 14 1965

ORIGINAL FILED IN 113-7-210-3698

Letter to Chicago

Re: MILITARY AND NAVAL MATTERS - CUBA
113-7-210

NOTE:

Schine, prominent hotel executive who was involved with the late Senator McCarthy in the Congressional hearings during the 1950's, and with whom we have had friendly correspondence in the past, told SAC, Los Angeles, that [redacted] prominent Los Angeles businessman, and his wife overheard [redacted] of a distributing corporation in Rock Island, Illinois, tell a maid companion on a plane flight between Miami and Los Angeles that he had been to Key West, Florida, and had picked up story concerning infiltration of the North Koreans as indicated which allegedly occurred in February, 1965. SAC, Los Angeles, told Mr. Schine the information would be given appropriate attention and Schine indicated he realized the story probably was a fabrication but that he did not want to withhold such information from the FBI because of the remote possibility it could be of some value. It appears the most logical method of resolving this is to ask [redacted] where he came up with such a story.

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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b7C

Memorandum

TO : Director, FBI

FROM: SAC, Los Angeles

SUBJECT: G. DAVID SCHINE
INFORMATION CONCERNING

DATE: 3/29/65

As the Bureau is aware, the above-captioned individual formerly resided in the Miami area and has been acquainted with Bureau officials for many years. He currently resides in Los Angeles and is affiliated with the Schine Hotels.

On 2/25/65 and again on 3/25/65, he told the story that friends of his, [redacted] had furnished him with certain information. [redacted] is a prominent businessman in the Los Angeles area and his wife is regarded as very intelligent. They had been on a trip to Jamaica and on the way back landed in Miami. While she was en route from Miami two men sitting next to her on the plane were engaged in conversation.

One of the individuals was [redacted] Mid-America Distributing Corporation, 3200 31st Avenue, Rock Island, Illinois, telephone number 788-6114. [redacted] apparently conveyed the story that he and his male companion had been to Key West, Florida for a few days on a business venture and while there had been in contact with various individuals. They picked up the rumor, gossip, or information to the effect that North Koreans had been sent to Cuba for training in guerrilla warfare. After the training they then were infiltrating the United States through Key West, Florida. A number had been seen on the streets in Key West in the recent past, and their alleged purpose was to overthrow our government. This occurred in February, 1965.

Mr. SCHINE stated that, of course, he could not vouch for the accuracy of any of this information but was passing it on for whatever value it may have, if any.

Mr. SCHINE was told the matter would be given appropriate attention and as he was aware we had representatives strategically located throughout the state of Florida.

- ② - Bureau
- 2 - Miami
- 1 - Los Angeles

WGG:gmw
(5)

EX-117

REC-23

21 MAR 31 1965

NAT'L INT. SEC.

SCHINE stated he realized this is probably a fabrication but he did not want to withhold the information because the remote possibility exists it could be of some value. He was thanked by the SAC for his information.

Two copies of this letter are being forwarded to the Miami Office for their information and for whatever action, if any, is deemed appropriate.

E C I A L

56
57C

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
<input type="checkbox"/>	Service Unit - Room 6524
<input type="checkbox"/>	Forward to File Review
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Attention: _____
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Return to: _____
	Supervisor Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:

- Regular Request (Analytical Search)
 - All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
 - Subversive References Only
 - Nonsubversive References Only
 - Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:

- Restricted to Locality of _____
 Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
 Buildup Variations

Subject

Birthdate & Place

Address Rock Island, Ill.

Localities

B _____ Date 4-6 Searcher Initials L.H.

Prod.

FILE NUMBER SERIAL

NR
BtB's
NR

5/5/65

AIRTEL

AIR MAIL

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (113-7-210)
FROM: SAC, SPRINGFIELD (113-11) - RUC -
SUBJECT: MILITARY AND NAVAL MATTERS -
CUBA

ReBulet to Chicago 4/9/65 which was referred to the Springfield Division for handling at Rock Island, Illinois.

In view of the information set out hereafter, it does not appear that further investigation is warranted of this matter; however, information copies are furnished to Los Angeles and Miami in the event the Bureau desires additional investigation.

Although [redacted] denied making any statements along the line attributed to him, his business partner, [redacted] was interviewed and furnished what appears to be a reasonable explanation of the source of the story furnished by Mr. SCHINE to the Los Angeles Office.

Nine copies of a memorandum suitable for dissemination are attached for the Bureau with one copy each for Los Angeles and Miami, in the event the Bureau desires to disseminate this information.

On 4/26/65, SA [redacted] interviewed [redacted]

[redacted] of the Mid-America Distributing Corporation, and he denied ever making any statements to the effect that he had information indicating that North Koreans were being trained in Cuba for guerilla warfare against the US or that

- ③-Bureau (113-7-210) (Enc. 9) (RM)
1-Los Angeles (Enc. 1) (RM)
1-Miami (Enc. 1) (RM)
1-Springfield (113-11)
JAH:mmj
(8)

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SI 113-11

they were actually infiltrating the United States through Key West, Florida. He said he had absolutely no information in this regard and no idea where anyone might have gotten an impression that he had such information. He did say that he was in Florida in February, 1965, and flew back to St. Louis in company with his business partner, [redacted]

[redacted] He described [redacted] as "quite a bull shooter" and said [redacted] might have made such statements in jest to someone but that he had never heard such statements either seriously or in jest.

On 4/30/65 [redacted]

[redacted] furnished the following information to SA JOHN A. HOLTZMAN:

Sometime around the first of the year, 1965, he had read in a syndicated column called the Allen-Scott Report prepared by [redacted] and [redacted] with the Washington Dateline and which appears in the Peoria daily newspaper, the Peoria Journal Star, that the Viet Cong and North Koreans were being trained in Cuba for guerilla warfare.

During February, 1965, he and [redacted] made a three-day business trip to Key West, Florida, and remarked to each other on the number of Orientals that they observed on the streets of Key West. [redacted] said that they saw at least ten of them in the three days they were there; and while he is not very familiar with Orientals, he is sure that they were not Chinese; and he and [redacted] determined that they might be North Koreans or Viet Namese. At this time he may have related to [redacted] the contents of the Allen-Scott Report mentioned above, and he also believes that he had a conversation with [redacted] as to what they were doing in Key West, and the two of them decided that it was possible that these were either Koreans or South Viet Namese being trained at the Air Base in Key West.

During the time they were in Key West, [redacted] and [redacted] went to a night club called the Club Havana Madrid located at the foot of Duval Street, Key West, and [redacted] said that he is quite certain that this place was operated by an individual who was pro-Cuban, at least the bartender was pro-Cuban. He based this on the fact that in a conversation with the bartender the latter made favorable statements about FIDEL CASTRO and his program in Cuba. He

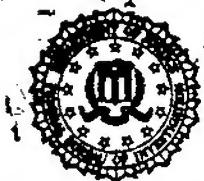
SI 113-11

described the bartender as being approximately 42 years of age, 6'4". large build, sandy hair. One of the things that caused [redacted] to be suspicious and in his own mind consider the possibility that the Orientals he had seen on the streets of Key West might possibly be connected with the article he had read previously was an answer he got to a casual remark to this bartender. His remark was "What are all the Orientals doing in Key West?" The bartender replied "We don't have any Koreans or North Viet Namese here." This statement likewise was probably later discussed with [redacted]

[redacted] As they were returning from Miami to St. Louis, [redacted] talked to a Los Angeles woman, name not known to [redacted] about a variety of subject matters, one of which was the Cuban situation. This woman apparently had been to Cuba and seemed to know quite a bit about it. [redacted] also talked to this woman about her financing a do-it-yourself car wash operation in the Los Angeles area. This is the business that [redacted] and [redacted] are in.

[redacted] said that he did not hear any of the conversation with this woman which would tie all of these things together and result in her story that North Koreans were being trained in Cuba and infiltrated into the United States, but he said that with the observations that they had made and the conversation they had had between them it is quite conceivable that [redacted] did say something which resulted in this story.

The pertinent portions of [redacted] information are incorporated in the attached memorandum which the Bureau may see fit to disseminate.



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

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b7c

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

Springfield, Illinois

May 5, 1965

In Reply, Please Refer to
File No. SI 113-11MILITARY AND NAVAL
MATTERS - CUBA

[redacted] furnished the following information on April 30, 1965.

He is engaged in selling equipment for do-it-yourself car wash operations and in this capacity had occasion to go to Key West, Florida, for three days during February, 1965.

Prior to going to Key West, he had read an article by [redacted] and [redacted] called the Allen-Scott Report which appears as a syndicated column in daily newspapers. This particular column alleged that Viet Cong and North Koreans were being trained in guerilla warfare in Cuba.

While in Key West on the above occasion, he observed a number of Orientals on the streets, which seemed unusual to him in that particular location. He said that in the three days he was there he saw about ten of them, and they were not apparently of Chinese extraction but appeared more like Koreans or Viet Namese.

[redacted] attached in his own mind the fact that he had read about Viet Cong and North Koreans being trained in guerilla warfare in Cuba and the fact that he saw what to him was an unusual number of Orientals other than Chinese on the streets of Key West which is so near to Cuba.

He also became suspicious of a bartender in the Club Havana Madrid located on Duval Street in Key West, when in a casual conversation, he asked the bartender "What are all the Orientals doing in Key West?" To this inquiry the bartender replied "We don't have any Koreans or North Viet Namese here."

ENCLOSURE 62-98588-

SI 113-11

MILITARY AND NAVAL
MATTERS - CUBA

He said that from other statements made by this bartender he is of the opinion that the bartender is pro-Castro.

He described the bartender as 42 years of age, 6' or more tall, large build, sandy hair...

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.

12

AM-6

DO

RECORDED

Date 8/5/68

To:

b6
b7C

Director

FILE _____

Att. Crime Research Section

Title _____

SAC _____

G. DAVID SCHINE

ASAC _____

Supv. _____

Agent _____

SE _____

IC _____

RE: APR 10 1968

CC _____

Steno _____

Clerk _____

Rotor #: _____

ACTION DESIRED

- Acknowledge
 Assign _____ Reassign _____
 Bring file
 Call me
 Correct
 Deadline _____
 Deadline passed
 Delinquent
 Discontinue
 Expedite
 File 62-98588
 For information
 Handle
 Initial & return
 Leads need attention
 Return with explanation or notation as to action taken.

- Open Case
 Prepare lead cards
 Prepare tickler
 Return assignment card
 Return file
 Search and return
 See me
 Serial # _____
 Post Recharge Return
 Send to _____
 Submit new charge out
 Submit report by _____
 Type _____

NOT RECORDED

11 AUG 22 1968

Re attached. _____

Correct mailing address is SCHINE's residence:

Mr. G. David Schine

626 South Hudson

Los Angeles, California 90005

ENCLOSURE

See reverse side

SAC M _____
Office Los Angeles _____

(Copies to Offices Checked)

TO: SAC,

Albany Houston
 Albuquerque Indianapolis
 Anchorage Jackson
 Atlanta Jacksonville
 Baltimore Kansas City
 Birmingham Knoxville
 Boston Las Vegas
 Buffalo Little Rock
 Butte Los Angeles
 Charlotte Louisville
 Chicago Memphis
 Cincinnati Miami
 Cleveland Milwaukee
 Columbia Minneapolis
 Dallas Mobile
 Denver Newark
 Detroit New Haven
 El Paso New Orleans
 Honolulu New York City

Norfolk Tampa
 Oklahoma City Washington Field
 Omaha Quantico
 Philadelphia
 Phoenix
 Pittsburgh
 Portland
 Richmond
 Sacramento
 St. Louis
 Salt Lake City
 San Antonio
 San Diego
 San Francisco
 San Juan
 Savannah
 Seattle
 Springfield

TO LEGAT:
 Bern
 Bonn
 Buenos Aires
 Hong Kong
 London
 Manila
 Mexico, D.F.
 Ottawa
 Paris
 Rome
 Santo Domingo
 Tokyo

Date 7/31/68

RE:

Mr. G. David Schine
President
Management International, Inc.
3400 Wilshire Boulevard
Los Angeles, California 90005

- For information optional action Surep, by _____
 The enclosed is for your information. If used in a future report, conceal all sources, paraphrase contents.
 Enclosed are corrected pages from report of SA _____ dated _____

Remarks:

Please furnish Crime Research Section,
by routing slip, correct address for mailing list
purposes.

Item returned from above address.

SEARCHED _____	INDEXED _____
SERIALIZED _____	FILED _____
AUG 2 1968	
FBI - LOS ANGELES	

62-98588-

ENCLOSURE

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Buffle
Urfile

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F53

70 AUG 27 1968

62-98588 39

May 3, 1972

David Schine

Mr. G. David Schine
626 South Hudson Avenue
Los Angeles, California 90005

Dear Dave:

Your letter of April 25, 1972, enclosing the correspondence regarding the efforts of Ovid Demaris to interview you, was received shortly before Mr. Hoover's sudden passing.

For your information, in January of this year, Demaris wrote Mr. Hoover asking for an interview in connection with his oral biography, and Mr. Hoover indicated that his schedule would not permit an interview. This is a matter, of course, for your consideration, but I thought you would like to know that the FBI is aware of his project.

Sincerely,

Clyde A. Tolson
Acting Director

**Clyde A. Tolson
Acting Director**

MAILED 23

MAY 3 - 1972

FBI

NOTE: Schine is on the Special Correspondents' List and known to Mr. Tolson on a first-name basis. We have had previous inquiry on the Ovid Demaris book. Demaris has been critical of the FBI in the past.

BCEiner/ssa : (6)

MAY 11 1971

~~DAVID SCHINE & COMPANY, INC.~~
~~626 SOUTH HUDSON AVENUE~~
~~LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90005~~
~~(213) 937-5000~~

✓
Mr. Tolson
Mr. Felt
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Miller, ES
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Bates
Mr. Weikart
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

April 25, 1972

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Edgar:

I am sending you herewith copies of letters received recently from an individual who is apparently writing a biography on you and has asked for an interview with me. Before responding to him further, I would like to know if you are aware of this project.

Hillevi and I send our very best.

Cordially,

EX-114
REC-36

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David

— — —
■ 2 MAY 9 1972
— — —

G. David Schine

GDS:na
Enclosures

~~SCL~~
~~Ack: Felt to Mr. G. David Schine~~
~~RCF: psn 5-3-72~~

2- ENCLOSURE

[Signature]

XEROX
MAY 11 1972

*ack. let to
mr. Schine
5-3-72 RCF:psn*

62-98588 A

OVID DEMARIS
833 HOPE AVENUE
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93110

April 14, 1972

Mr. G. David Schine
626 South Hudson Avenue
Los Angeles, California

Dear Mr. Schine:

Thank you for your letter of March 24.

Perhaps I should have explained that primarily what I am looking for is an insight into Mr. Hoover's personality and character. Believe me, I am not interested in rehashing the McCarthy hearings--it has already been done to death. I was hoping that you could provide personal observations--that is, the manner of dress, speech, habits, anecdotes--anything which would help humanize him, and by so doing contribute to the kind of dimensional portrait I want to create, which is best illustrated by T. Harry Williams' HUEY LONG and James MacGregor Burns' ROOSEVELT: THE SOLDIER OF FREEDOM.

As you know, there is much ground to cover (so little of it has been covered so much, and so much so little). A major obstacle is that the Director has outlived most of the people who were important in his formative years. Details to the great events of his career are available in government archives and libraries, but few people today, even Washington old-timers, know anything about the real J. Edgar Hoover. The only way I can achieve that goal is by talking to persons like yourself. Along this line, I would welcome any names you would care to suggest. For example, do you know how I can get in touch with Jean McCarthy?

It is possible that instead of an interview you would rather put your reminiscences in a letter or tape cassette. If you wish further clarification, why not call me collect: 805 + 687-3806. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Ovid Demaris
62-9858839

ENCLOSURE

JD XBRWTR
MAY 11 1972

D

OVID DEMARIS
855 HOPE AVENUE
SANTA BARBARA, CALIFORNIA 93105

March
Tenth
1972

Mr. G. David Schine
626 S. Hudson Avenue
Los Angeles, California

Dear Mr. Schine:

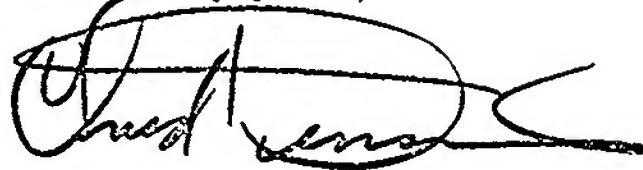
I am currently interviewing persons acquainted with Mr. J. Edgar Hoover for an oral biography of his life and times to be published by Farrar, Straus & Giroux in 1974, the year of his fiftieth anniversary as FBI director.

In terms of research, this is of course an enormously ambitious undertaking, one involving a complexity of data, but one that is uniquely suited to the new technique of oral history which attempts to preserve the history of the recent past by collecting the thoughts and reminiscences of those who helped shape that history. It will be a definitive and objective study. The only bias, I assure you, will be toward excellence. Your contribution would be invaluable.

With your permission, the interview will be transcribed and donated to the National Archives for later use by historians. Naturally any restriction of a confidential nature will be honored with a time seal.

I hope you will consent to an interview, at a time and place of your choosing, which can be arranged by mail or telephone (805 + 687-3806). Thank you.

Sincerely yours,



182
XEROX
MAY 11 1972

62-9858839
ENCLOSURE